

Brand and Demand: The Key Principles of Marketing Growth

Singapore Edition



Marketers traditionally employ brand or demand marketing at different times as part of their growth strategy



Brand Marketing

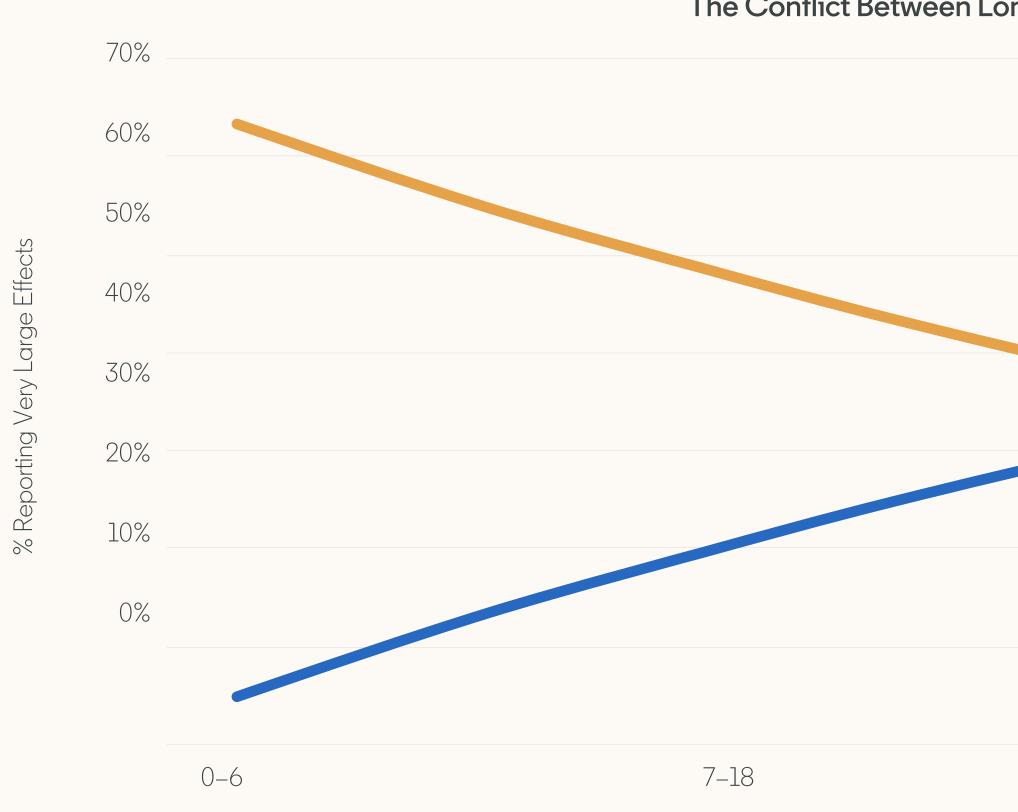
Creating memorable links between the brand and relevant buying situations to drive **long-term growth** (e.g. Media, Thought Leadership, Corporate Social Responsibility, Mission/Vision comms, etc.)



Demand Marketing

Creating urgency around specific offerings/services to drive **short-term growth.** Highly targeted to encourage and excite key audiences to drive demand.

Marketers lean more heavily into demand since near-term impact can be captured, whereas brand takes more time to measure



Campaign Duration in Months

The Conflict Between Long- and Short-Term Metrics

Brand Marketing Effects

Demand Marketing Effects

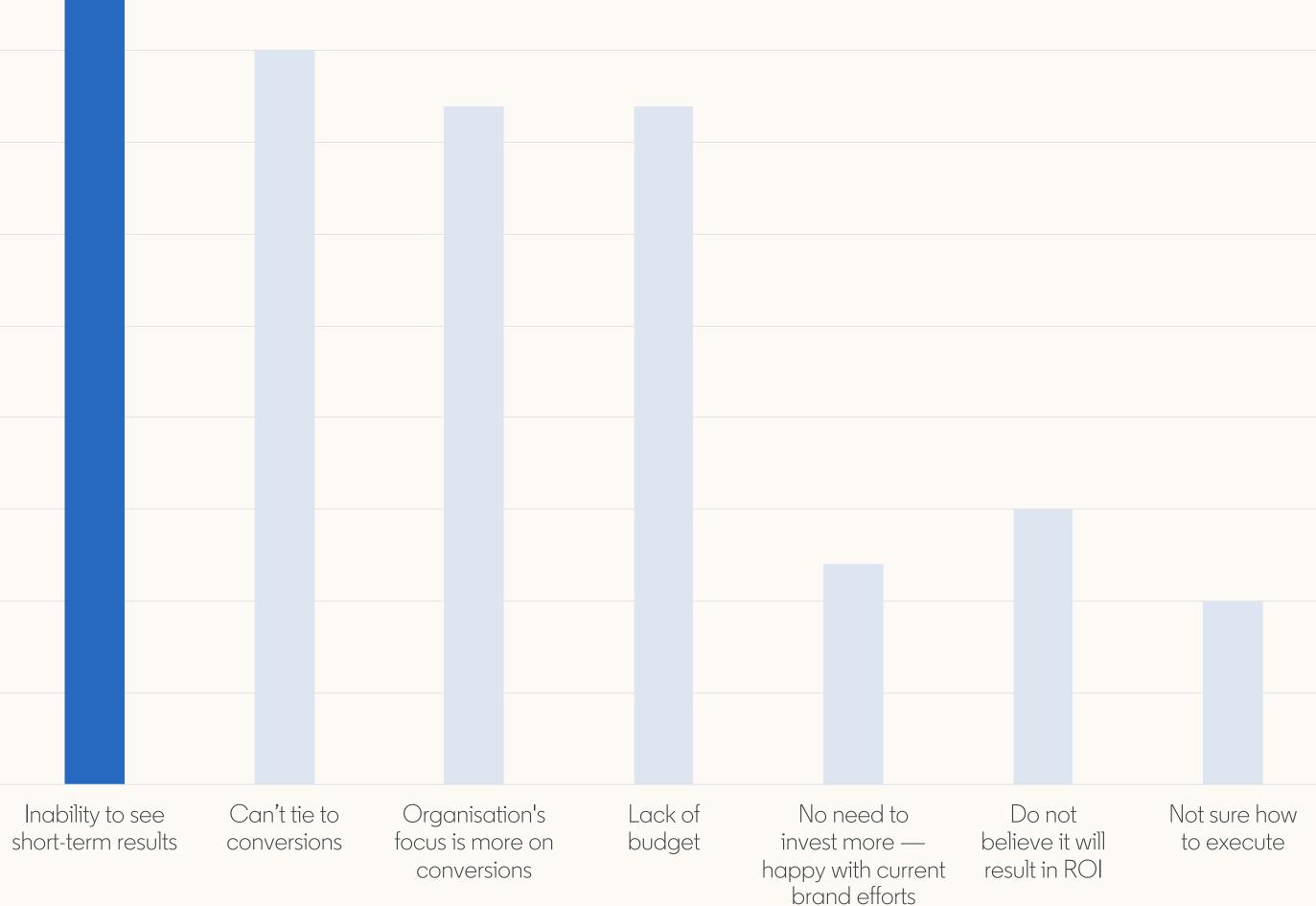
19–30

>30

50% 45% 40% The inability to 35% 30% see results in the 25% short term is the 20% **#1 barrier to** 15% brand building 10% 5%

Inability to see

0%



Source: LinkedIn On-Platform B2D Study, 2019

Why is it time for a change?



Investing in brand marketing should grow your business



Stronger pricing power

Lower acquisition costs

Buyers are willing to pay premium prices for well-known brands

Focused acquisition strategy increases conversion rates and lowers costs

Source: IPA Databank, 1998-2016 for-profit cases, LinkedIn AmEX Case Study, BAV USA FH 2002-SH2018, All Adults





Better fiscal health

Orgs that invest 50% of budgets in brand see better financial performance

LinkedIn teamed up with the IPA, Les Binet and Peter Field to identify what it really takes to maximise marketing growth



Methodology: **3,702 B2B marketers** surveyed across **9 industries**

- Technology
- Financial Services
- Professional Services
- Healthcare
- Education
- Automotive
- Travel
- Manufacturing
- Energy

North America

Latin America



13%

USA, Canada

Brazil, Mexico

Europe & Middle East

27%

Asia Pacific

25%

UK, France, Austria, Germany, Switzerland, Spain, Italy, Netherlands

India, Australia, New Zealand, Singapore*, Hong Kong, Korea, Japan, Malaysia, Taiwan, China





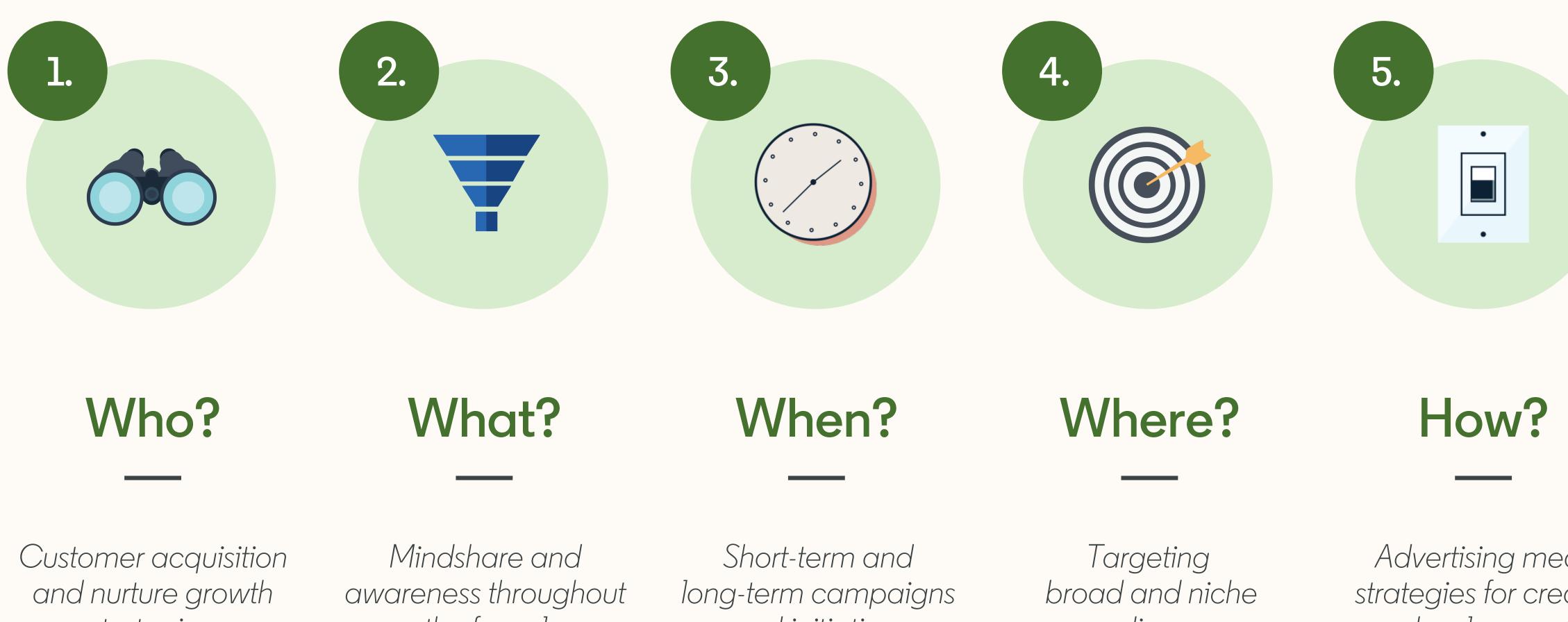
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It takes balance

The five key principles of marketing growth each depend upon brand and demand marketing

What we found

Your marketing plan likely reflects 5 key principles of growth



strategies

the funnel

and initiatives

audiences

Advertising media strategies for creative development



1. Who?



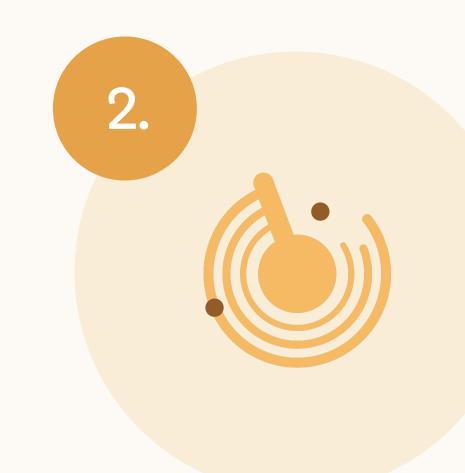
Customers



Non-Customers



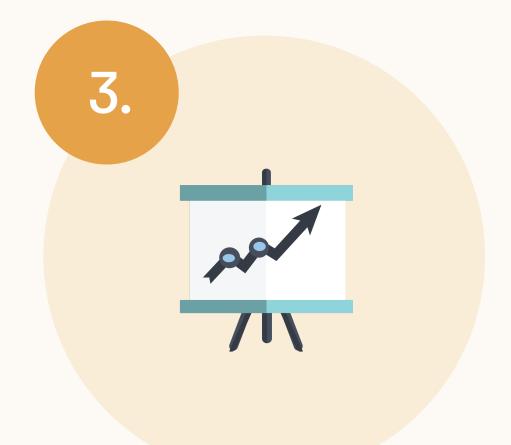




Customers can only spend so much more

Churn is a natural process out of your control

It's critical to reach beyond your customer base as marketing only to existing accounts could limit growth



Product and sales are much more influential

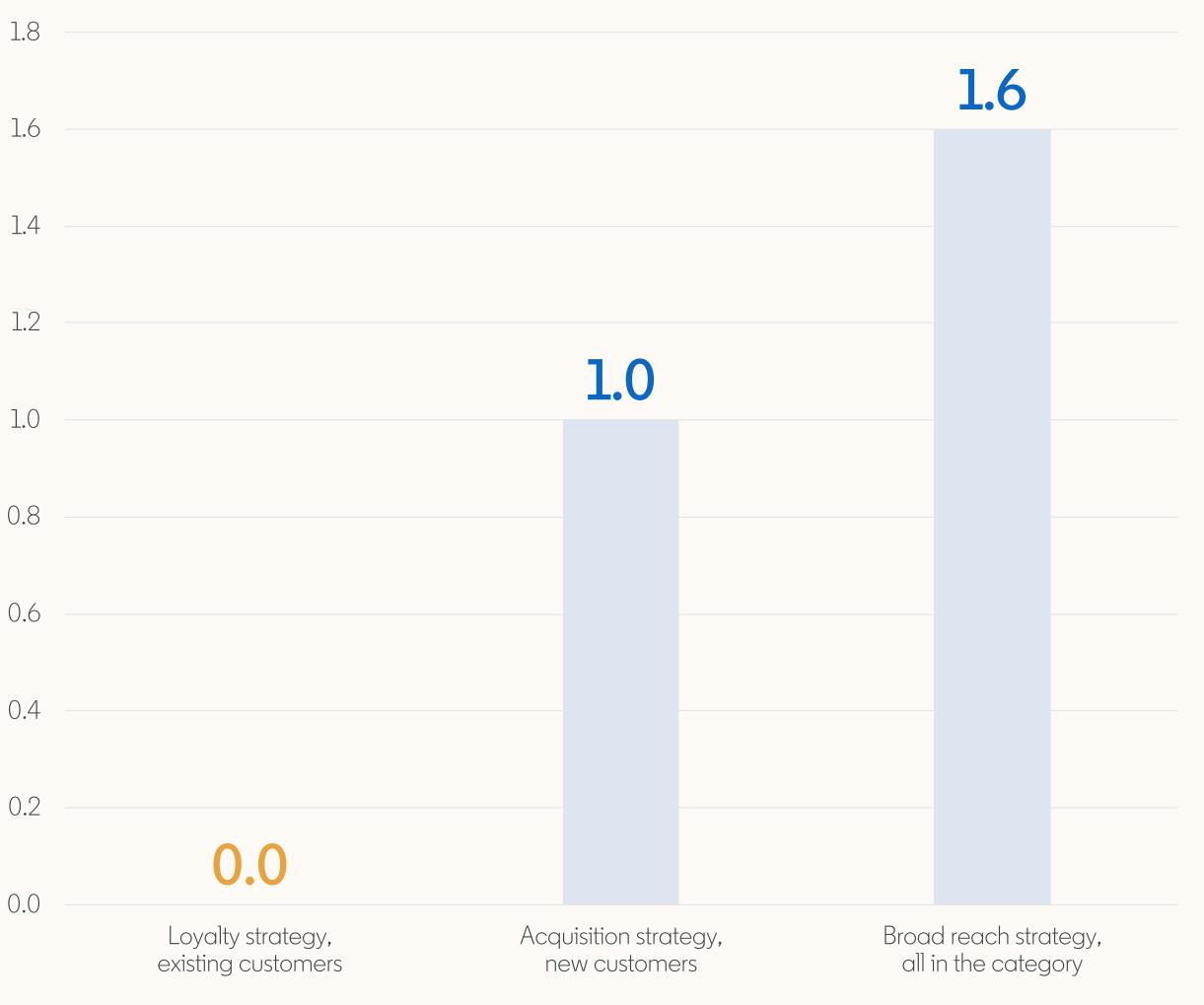
Targeting existing and new customers together will drive a faster and more insulated growth strategy

Average number of business effects*

What does IPA say? Targeting existing customers, in isolation, will not drive business growth. Breaking into new budgets at new customers, as well as nurturing existing customers, will maximise growth.

Source: IPA Databank, 1998–2018 cases

Business Effects definition: A aggregate score of different business/financial metrics (I.e. profitability, market share, revenue, pricing power, etc.)





Loyalty and acquisition

While balance is recommended, there might be instances where your strategy requires a heavier focus on one over the other

New decision makers in existing buying centres

New decision makers in new buying centres



Acquisition

New logos in existing industries

New logos in new industries



Principle 1: Sustain growth by leveraging both acquisition and customer growth strategies

Marketer behaviours and beliefs

of marketers in Singapore believe that businesses grow best by increasing customer loyalty, not by increasing customer acquisition. However, this is impacting their ability to truly grow at the pace they need.

Source: LinkedIn On-Platform B2D Study, 2019

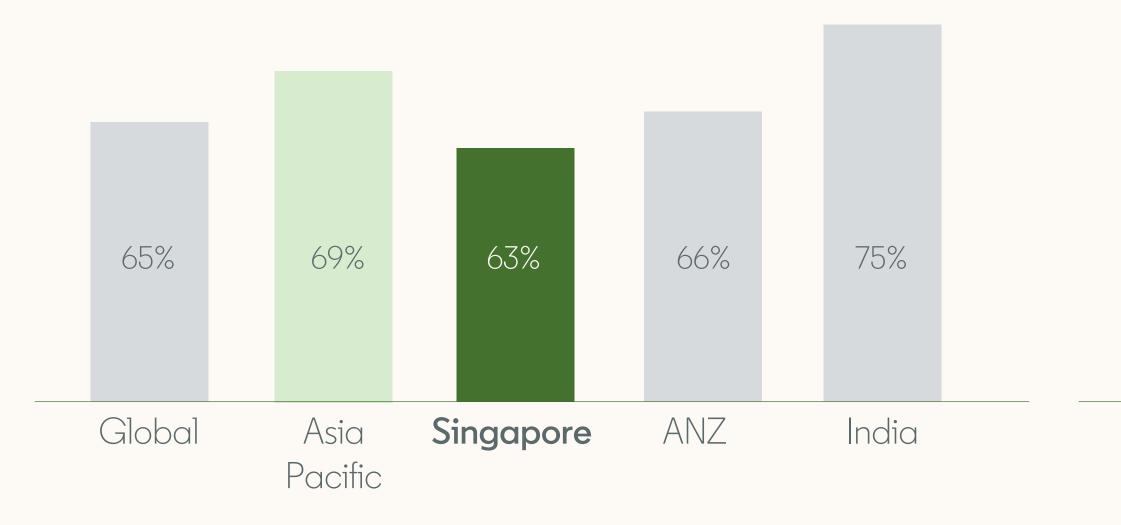


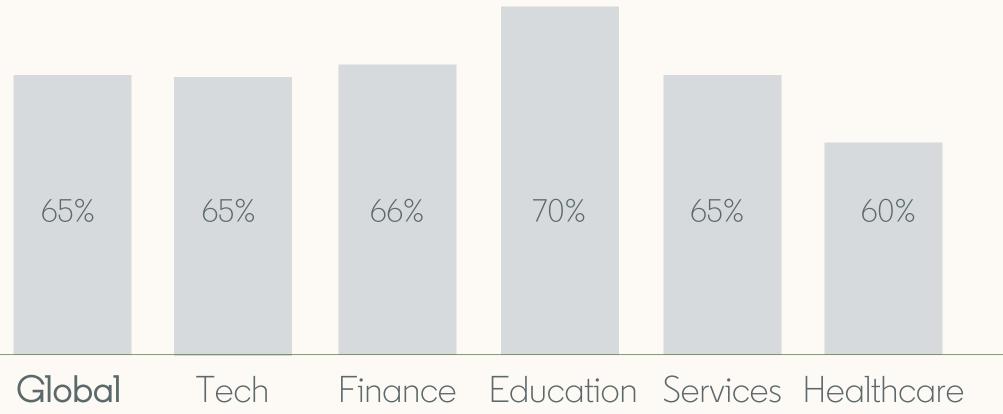
The opportunity ahead

Invest in brand efforts to acquire new customers in addition to growing existing accounts

Why does this matter?

In Singapore today, 63% of marketers feel that businesses grow best by increasing customer loyalty, not increasing customer acquisition. However, industry research shows that you need to invest in both in order to grow. Marketers should consider how they can adjust initiatives to gain new customers by running brand campaigns.





2. What?



Awareness



Fame



Marketers need fame in order to be top of mind at every stage of the purchase funnel

What is fame?

Fame is "awareness at scale" when everyone in the category has heard of your brand and thinks of it effortlessly in buying situations

2

1.5

Number of Very Large Biz Effects Reported

2.5

0.5

What does IPA say?

Mental availability matters for B2B and B2C alike. Campaigns that aim to increase a firm's share of mind are most effective. The more famous they make the company, the better the business results.

Source: IPA Databank, 1998–2018 B2B cases

Primary Campaign Objectives





Principle 2: Strive for ad consistency, reach, and duration in order to achieve fame

Marketer behaviours and beliefs

of marketers in Singapore run their brand campaigns for **6 months or less**. However, Binet and Field's research shows that marketers need to allow their brand campaigns to run for more than 6 months before they can see impact.

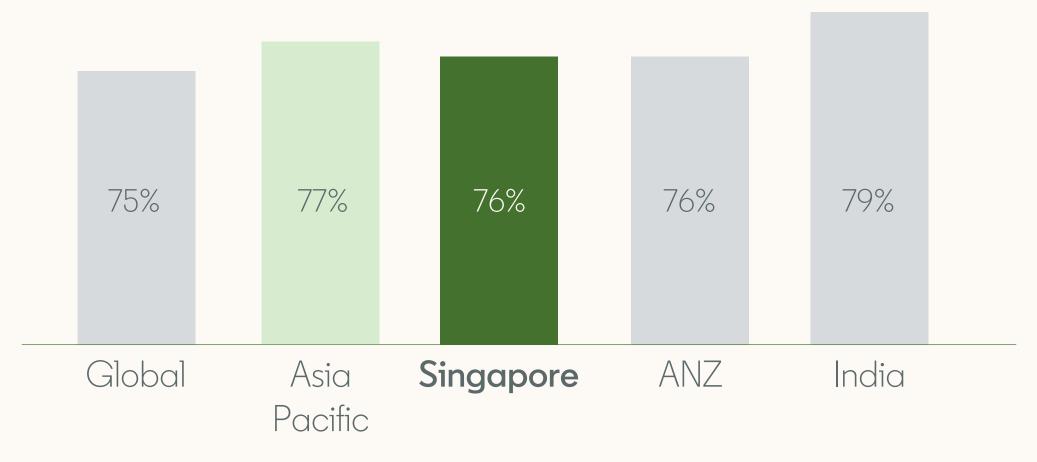
Source: LinkedIn On-Platform B2D Study, 2019

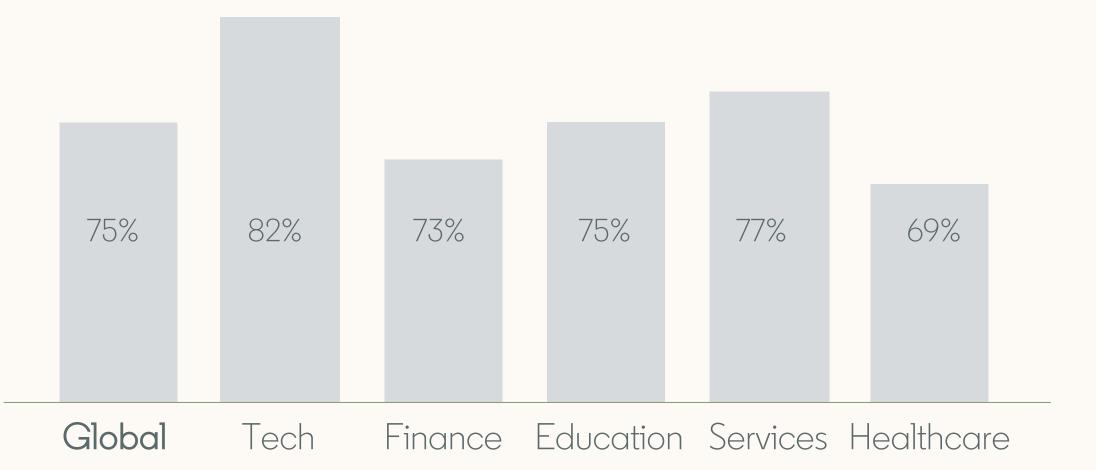


The opportunity ahead Run brand campaigns with consistency, reach, and duration top of mind

Why does this matter?

76% of marketers in Singapore are running their brand campaigns for 6 months or less. Binet and Field's research shows that marketers need to allow their brand campaigns to run for more than 6 months in order to see impact.





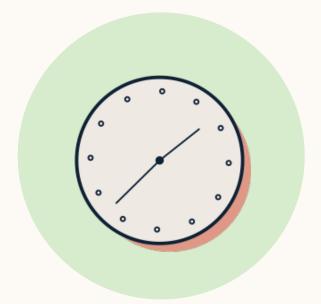
3. When?



Short-Term



Long-Term



Whether your organisation is B2C or B2B, investment in short- and long-term campaigns will be critical for growth



60%

Brand Marketing

B2B

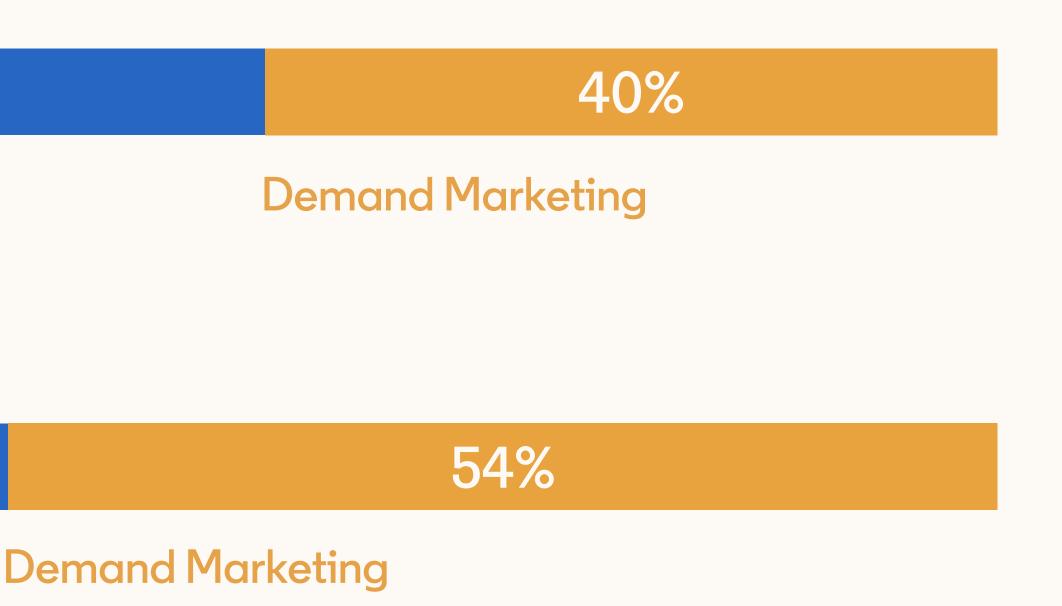
46%

Brand Marketing

What does IPA say?

Businesses need brand activity to create demand in the long-term, and activation to convert that demand efficiently into revenue in the short-term. When the balance is right, each effort should enhance the other.

Source: IPA Databank, 1998-2018 B2B cases







Principle 3: Invest in shorter-term demand generation efforts and longerterm brand campaigns to drive growth

Marketer behaviours and beliefs

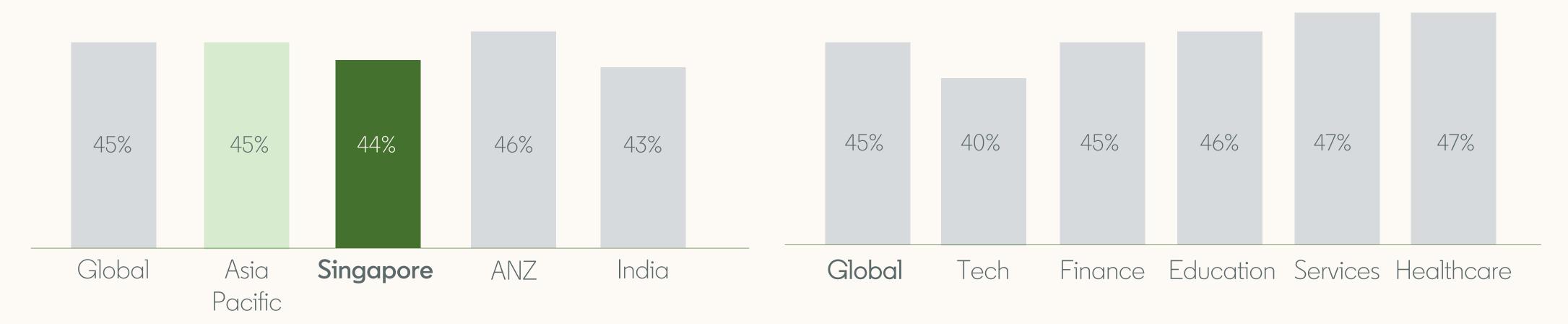
of marketing budget is allocated to brand marketing, on average, within B2B organisations in Singapore.



The opportunity ahead Apply the 50/50 rule as you consider the split between brand and demand investment

Why does this matter?

On average, 44% of B2B marketing budgets in Singapore is allocated to long-term brand investment, which is in line with the recommended allocation. Businesses need both kinds of marketing activity: brand activity to create demand, and activation to convert that demand efficiently into revenue. When the balance is right, each will enhance the other.



Source: LinkedIn On-Platform Study, The Long and Short of ROI, 2019

While marketers should invest in both short- and long-term marketing efforts, they should measure ROI over the full length of their sales cycle to most accurately capture investment impact

Marketer behaviours and beliefs



of marketers in Singapore are measuring ROI of their investment within 3 months. Since the average sales cycle is 6 months, marketers need to slow down when it comes to measurement.

Source: LinkedIn On-Platform ROI Study, 2019



4. Where?



Broad Targeting



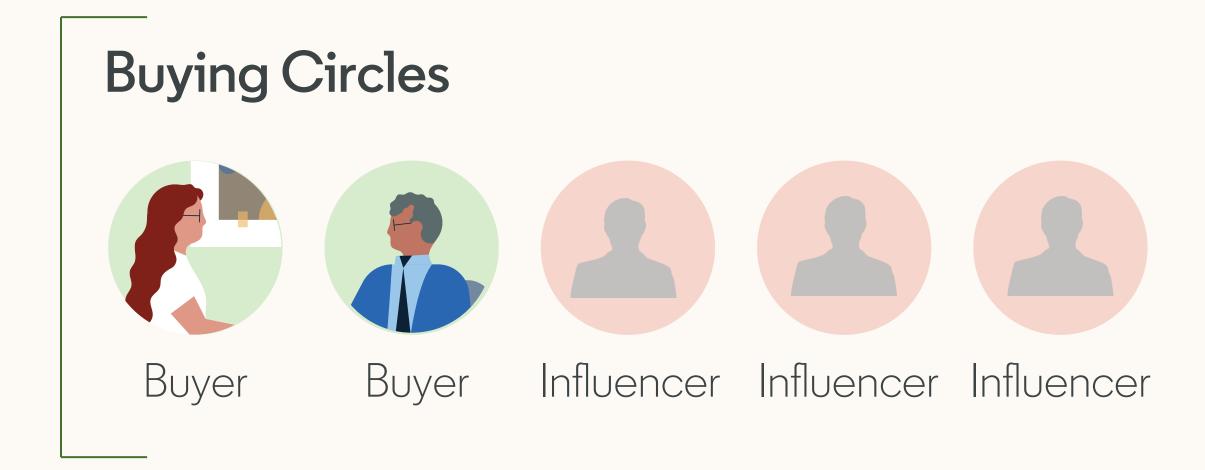
Narrow Targeting



50% of working professionals in Singapore change jobs, companies, or industries at least once every 4 years

Source: LinkedIn Internal Data

Targeting too narrowly might be ineffective as it ignores buying circles and future buyers





Principle 4: Grow by reaching more customers than you currently have





Share of Voice < Share of Market Brands Shrink

Marketer behaviours and beliefs



of marketers in Singapore do not believe that broad targeting is more effective for their campaigns than hyper-targeting.

Source: LinkedIn On-Platform B2D Study, 2019

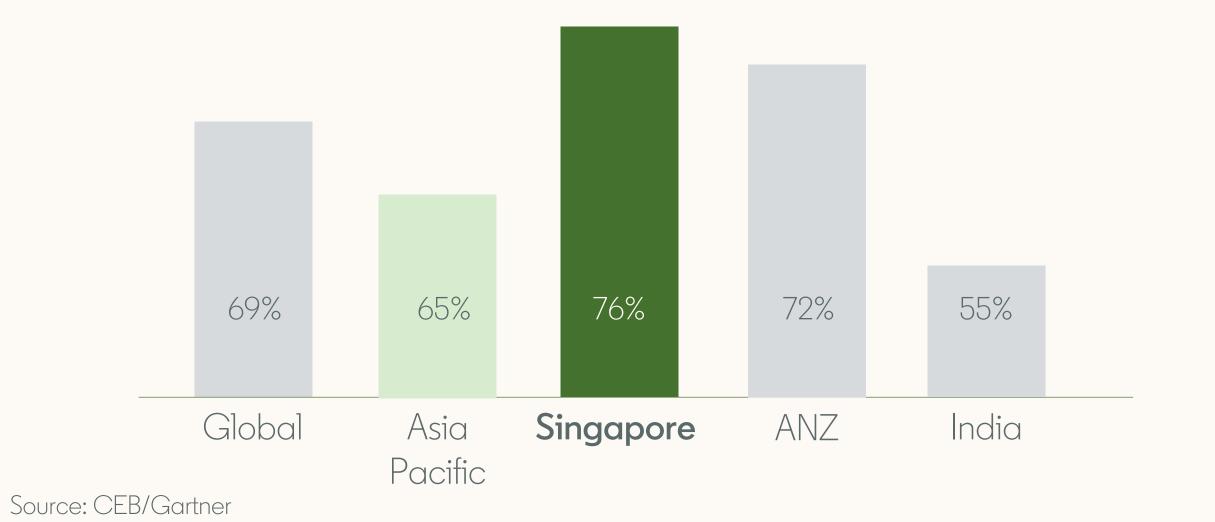


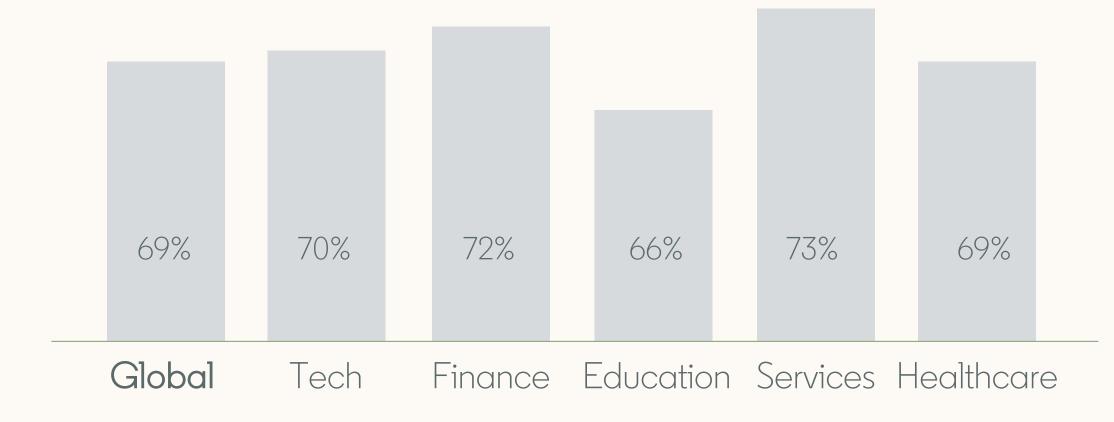
The opportunity ahead

Target broader audiences in order to reach the entire buying circle and future buyers

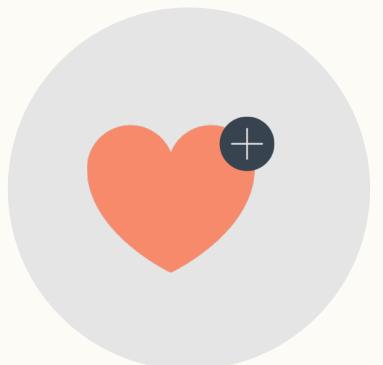
Why does this matter?

76% of marketers in Singapore do not believe that broad targeting is more effective than hyper-targeting. However, hyper-targeting often misses critical influencers in the buying circle and lacks the ability to nurture future buyers. We know that 6.8 people are typically involved in each B2B purchase decision. Consider expanding your reach beyond existing decision makers in order to create more opportunities for growth.





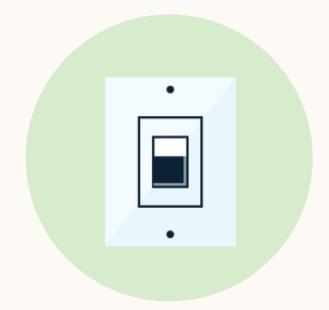
5. How?



Emotional

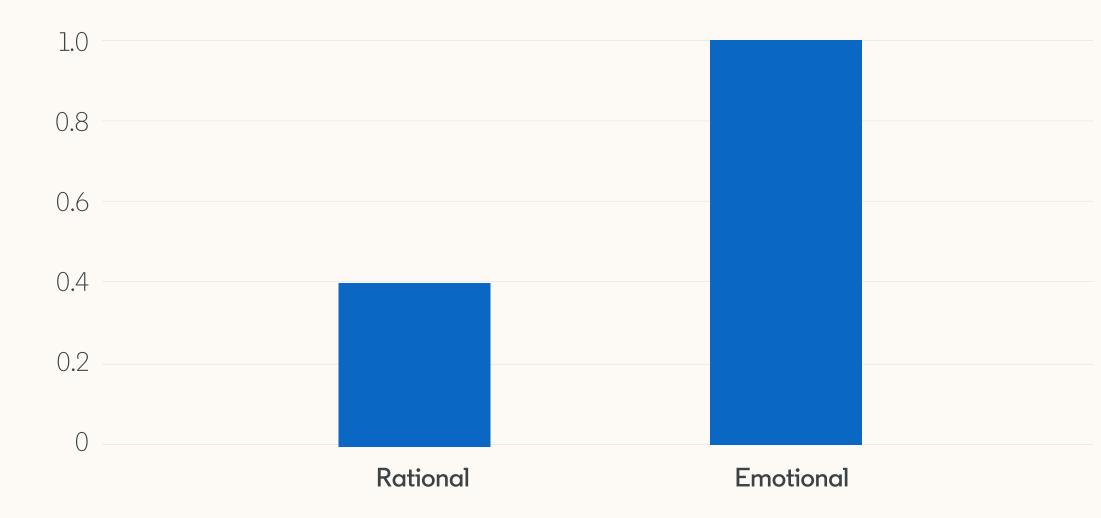


Rational



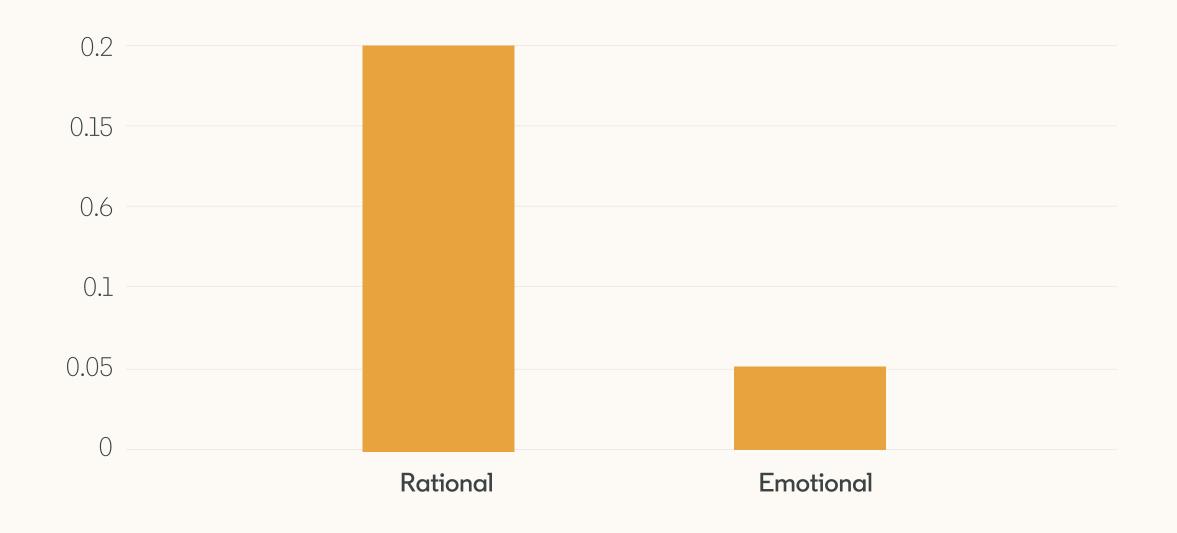
Buying decisions are both rational and emotional, so marketing should be too

Brand Effects



What does IPA say?

Rational ads are more effective for in-market customers (the customers who will buy now). Emotional ads are more effective for out-of-market customers (the customers who will buy later).



Demand Effects



Principle 5: Balance the usage of rational and emotional ads to strategically build growth over time

Marketer behaviours and beliefs



Marketers in Singapore are 5x more likely to produce rational ads vs. emotional ads, regardless of objective.

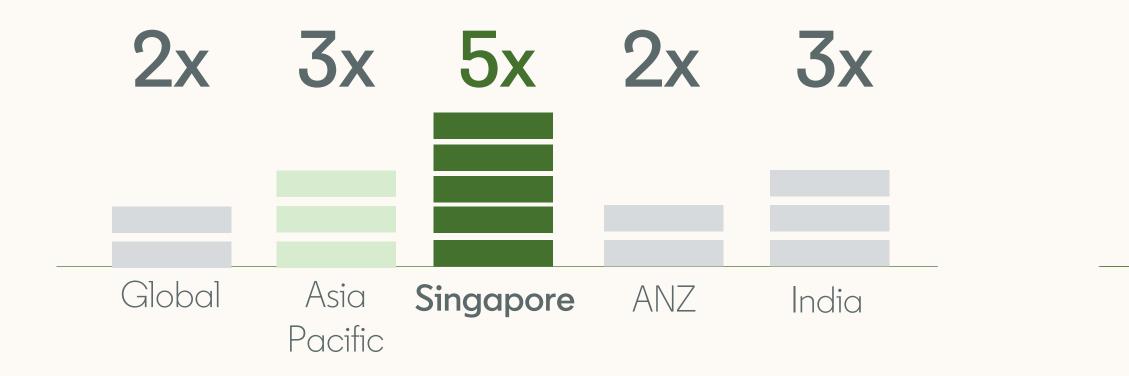
Source: LinkedIn On-Platform B2D Study, 2019



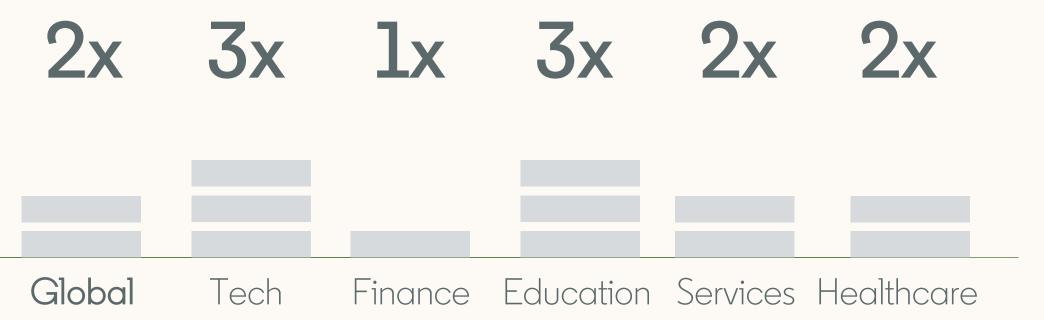
The opportunity ahead

Why does this matter?

Marketers in Singapore are 5x more likely to produce rational ads than emotional ads, but the rational approach won't always work for long-term brand building. In order to connect with buyers before they come to market, consider where and how emotional ads can be leveraged to drive business growth.



Produce more emotional creative, particularly for upper funnel efforts, in order to reach out-of-market customers



A successful balance of brand and demand marketing underlies these five principles of marketing growth



Balance investment in brand and demand





For more resources, visit LinkedIn Marketing Solutions



