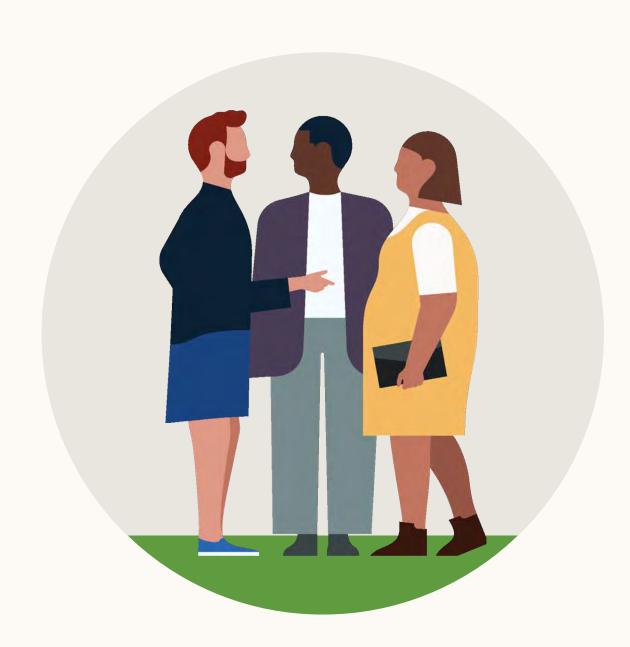
Linked in Marketing Solutions



Why LinkedIn

We connect with professional audiences



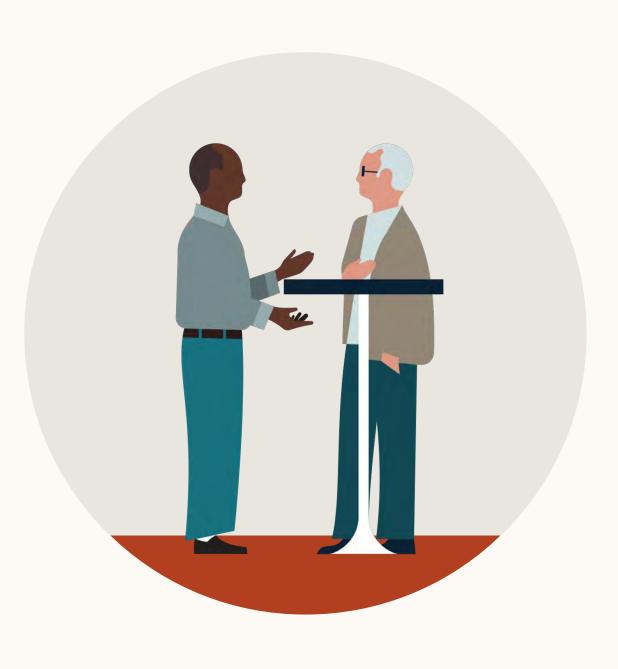
Decision makers at scale

Driving meaningful engagement



Mindset to do business

In **environments** that yield results



Trusted platform delivering impact

Decision makers at scale



722 million

Members on LinkedIn

2x

Linkedln's audience has 2x the buying power of the average web audience

4 out 5

LinkedIn members
drive business decisions



Demystifying the LinkedIn Ad Auction

Let's make your campaigns more effective



What will you learn in this guide?

L.AuctionDynamics

Your guide to getting the most out of ad auctions

- How the auction works
- Relevancy score
- Campaign quality score

2. Reach & Frequency

Drive brand exposure through reach and frequency

- Role of Reach and Frequency
- What is Reach
- What is Frequency
- Frequency recommendations

3.Bidding

A simple guide to the different ways to bid

- Bid types
- Bidding strategy guidance
- Align your optimizations to your campaign objectives

4. Budget & Pacing

Useful tools for making your spend go further

- Budget & schedule combinations
- Budget pacing

5.ForecastingTool

Highlighting opportunities for more effective campaigns

- Forecasting your campaigns
- Forecasting:
 Under the hood

1. Auction Dynamics

Your guide to getting the most out of ad auctions



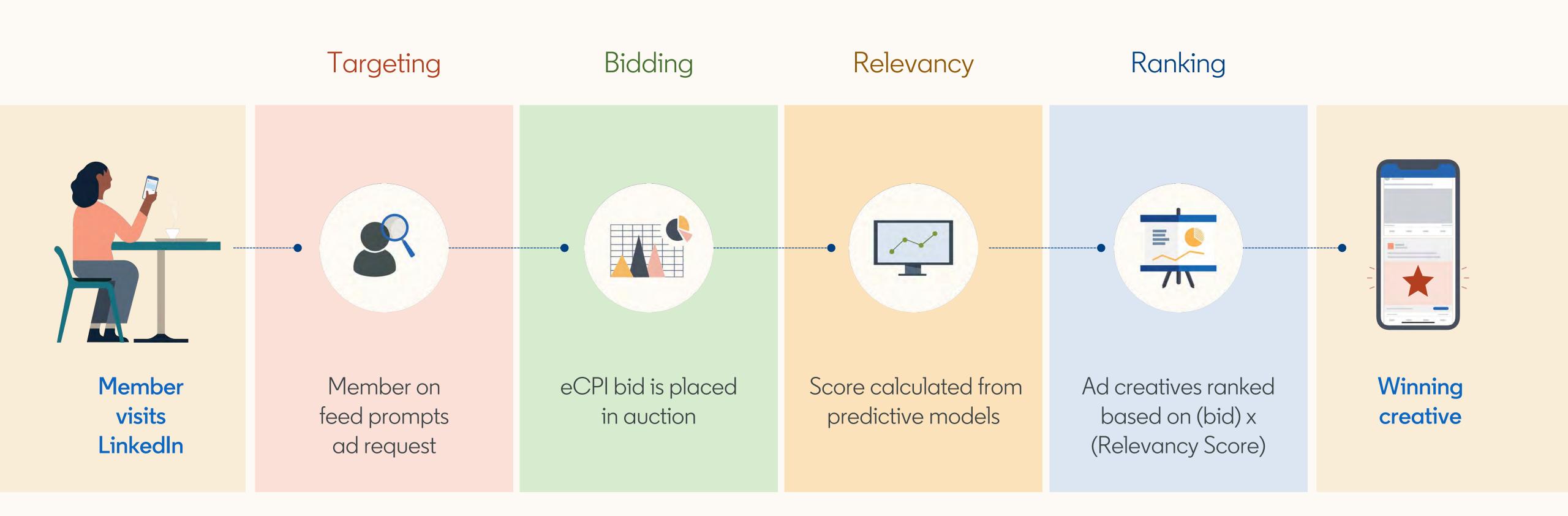
Single Auction

When a LinkedIn member visits the feed, there is a single auction that ranks a number of ads at once.

As the member scrolls down the feed, we show ads in that ranked order.

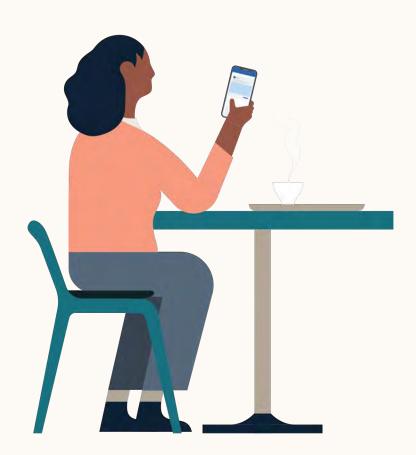


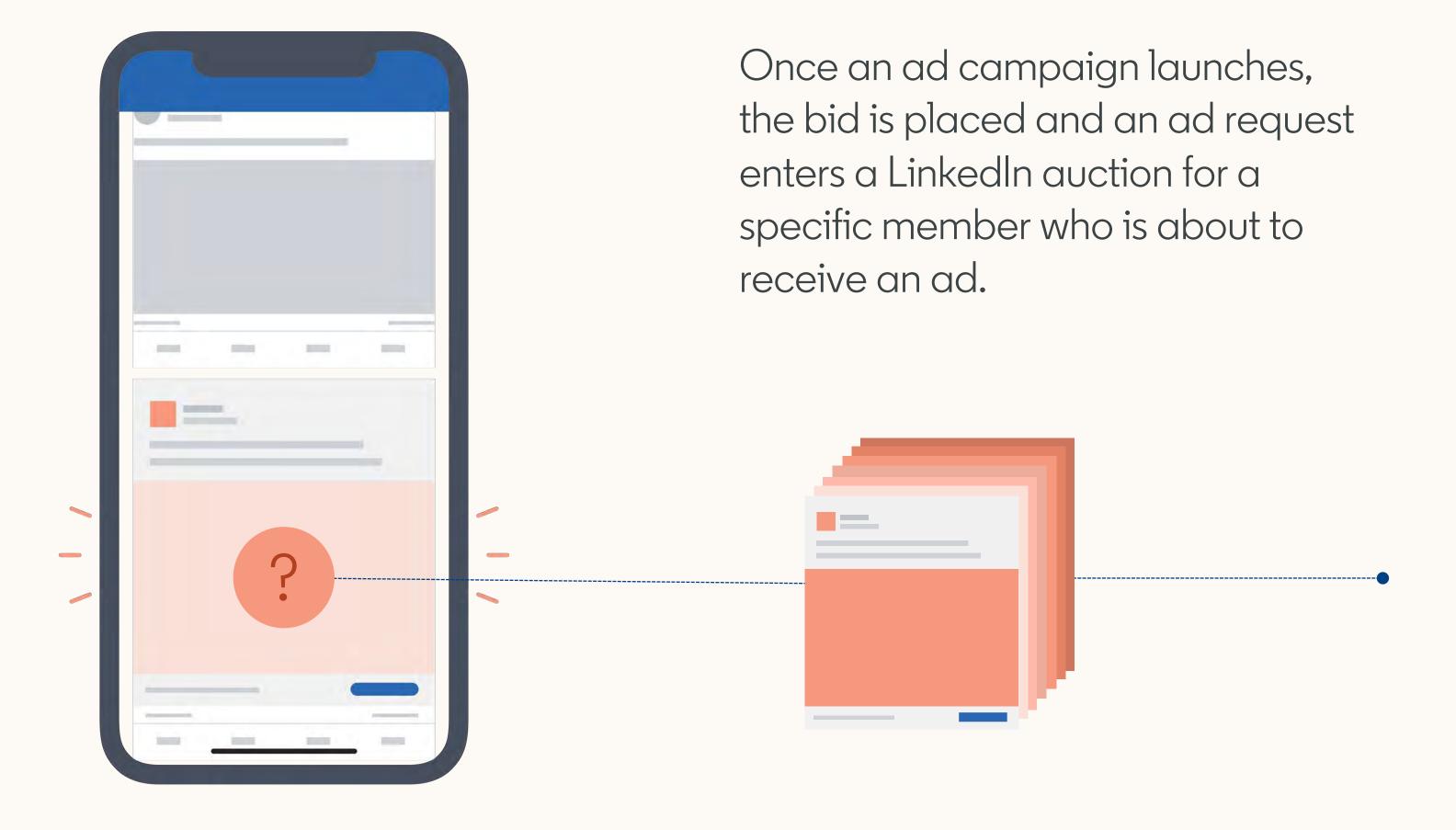
Overview: how the auction works in 4 steps



Ad Auctions: Targeting

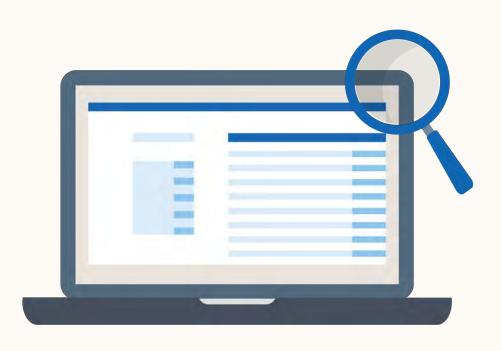
When a LinkedIn member scrolls through the feed, they see ads slotted in between organic content.





Ad Auctions: Bidding

The bid is competing with other bids who are targeting the same audience (member) using the same ad format.



To determine which ad gets a particular ad slot, we rely on a second-price auction system.

In order for all bid values to operate on the same value system within an auction, the bids are converted to eCPL.

- CPC: pCTR x bid = eCPI
- **CPM**: CPM bid / 1000 = eCPI
- CPV: pCPV x bid = eCPI

- In second-price auctions, the advertiser sets the bid but will only be charged for the amount needed to win the auction. The winner of the auction is the highest bid but only pays the price offered by the second-highest bidder plus 1 cent.
- An exception to this is <u>floor pricing</u>; when bidding at the floor price and winning the auction, your bid will never exceed the floor price.

Ad Auctions: Relevancy

The auction winner then gets the ad request slot to show their ad to the targeted member, if the combined value of their bid and relevancy score is strong.





Relevancy Score is how likely the member is to take an action on the ad, calculated using a prediction model.

- CPC/CPM campaigns use (pCTR)
- Lead gen campaigns use (pLTR)
- Video campaigns use (pVTR), based on at least 2 seconds of video viewed.

Ad Auctions: Ranking

Determine results of an ad request auction:

(Bids) x (Relevancy Scores)

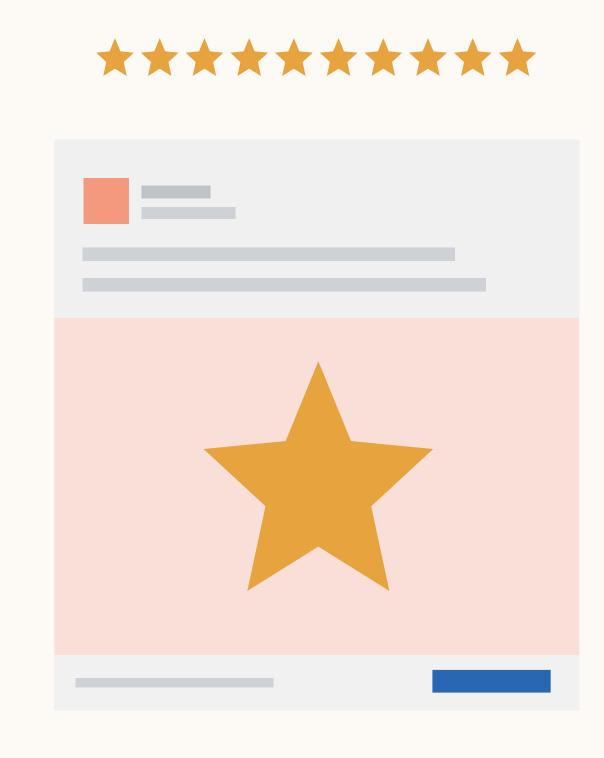




What is Campaign Quality Score (CQS)?

Your Campaign Quality Score (CQS) is an indicator of how likely a member is to take action on your ad

- While Relevancy Score is used, it isn't shared, and instead we do share a CQS. Campaign Quality Score (CQS) is a proxy for Relevancy Score and can be used directionally.
- This score reflects the campaign's relevance compared to its competitors across all of the auctions in which it participates.



How is the Campaign Quality Score calculated?

The system uses each auction the campaign has participated in: pCTR of the 1st slot / campaign's pCTR*, based on the same audience and ad formats.

Averaging the score across all auctions gives the score of the campaign. This score is normalized on a 1-10 scale.

^{*}Video views campaigns currently do not compute CQS. To optimize, focus on targeting and content performance against objective.

pLTR or pVTR can be based on campaign selections

A note about using Campaign Quality Score

As a proxy for Relevancy Score, CQS should only be reported as a **secondary metric** and used directionally when editing a campaign



To see changes in your CQS, we recommend experimenting with different bid types and values, ad creative and targeting.



Auction glossary

Reference of key terms

CPM (Cost Per Mille):

the price of 1,000 impressions.

CPC (Cost Per Click):

the price based on the number of clicks on the ad.

CPV (Cost Per View):

the price based on the number of views of the ad.

eCPI (estimated Cost Per Impression):

a metric that enables all ads to be on the same "currency" by calculated conversion; for each ad request, the system ranks ads for the auction using their eCPI.

Relevancy Score:

how likely the member is to take an action on the ad, calculated using a prediction model.

Campaign Quality Score:

a proxy for Relevancy Score that can be used directionally if deciding to edit or duplicate campaigns.

pCTR (predicted Click-Through Rate):

for each ad creative, a pCTR is calculated based on member data, historical campaign performance, and other contexts for relevancy.

pLTR (predicted Lead-Through Rate):

it is used to determine the relevancy of a Lead Gen campaign.

pVTR (predicted View-Through Rate):

it is used to determine the Relevancy of video campaigns, calculated as #views > 2 seconds / #impressions.

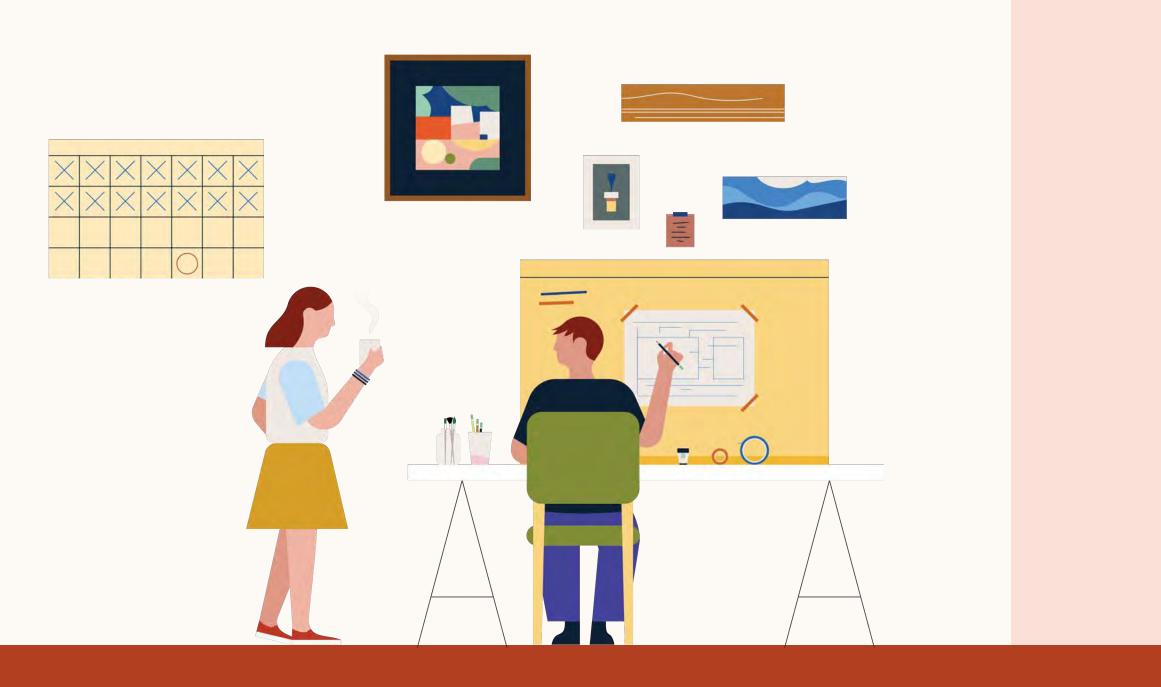
UTC:

coordinated universal time commonly used for internet/web coordination; LinkedIn's Campaign Manager is on UTC.

Second-price Auctions:

the advertiser sets the bid but will only be charged for the amount needed to win the auction. The winner of the auction is the highest bid but only pays the price offered by the second-highest bidder plus 1 cent.

Auction Dynamics: Takeaways



- When a LinkedIn member scrolls through the feed, they see ads slotted in between organic content.
- Your sponsored content will be bidding in an auction against other campaigns who want to reach the same type of LinkedIn members as you.
- All bids in an auction are converted to eCPI to be on the same value system.
- Outcomes of ad auctions are determined by a product of the eCPI bid value and relevancy score (prediction of how likely a member will take an action on an ad).
- The Relevancy Score is converted into a CQS (Campaign Quality Score) which is what you will see in Ads Manager.
- CQS is a good indicator of how likely a LinkedIn member is to take action based on your ad.

2. Reach & Frequency

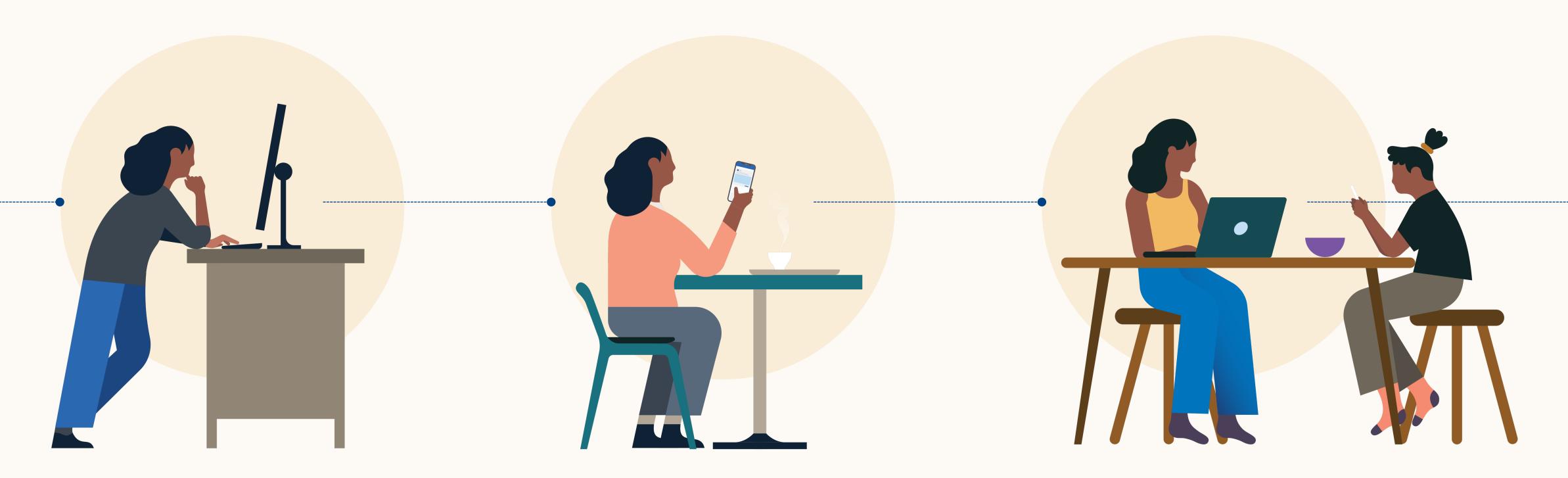
Drive brand exposure through Reach and Frequency



Role of Reach & Frequency

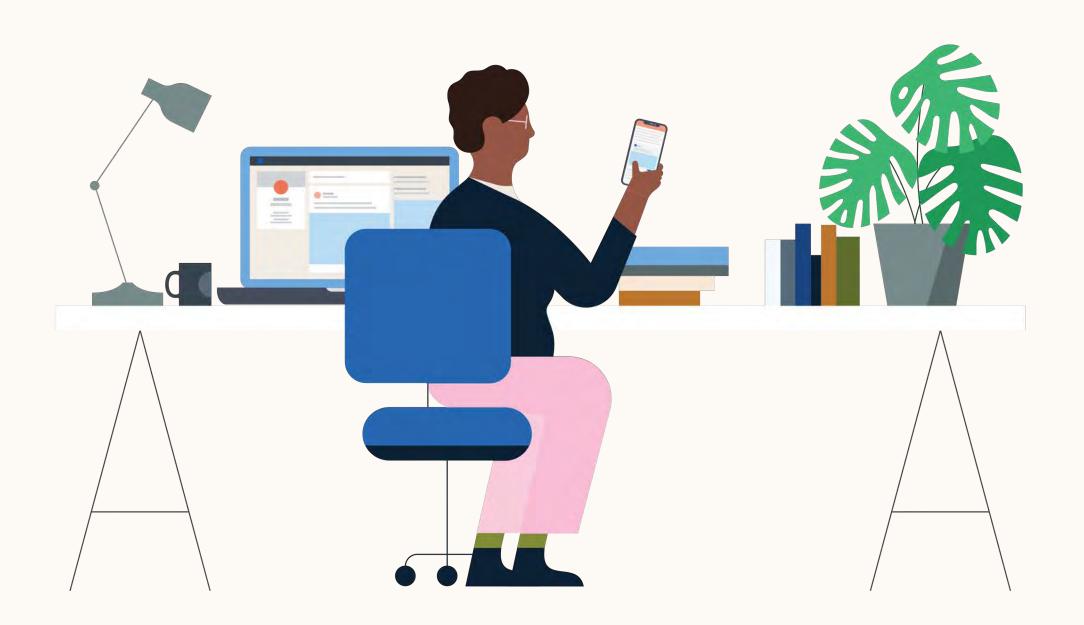
Branding is typically more effective when you reach a larger share of your audience—and when that audience is broad.

Members also typically require multiple exposure opportunities to an advertiser's content before they convert.



Reach on LinkedIn

Reach is the number of member accounts who see an ad at least once during the campaign's duration.

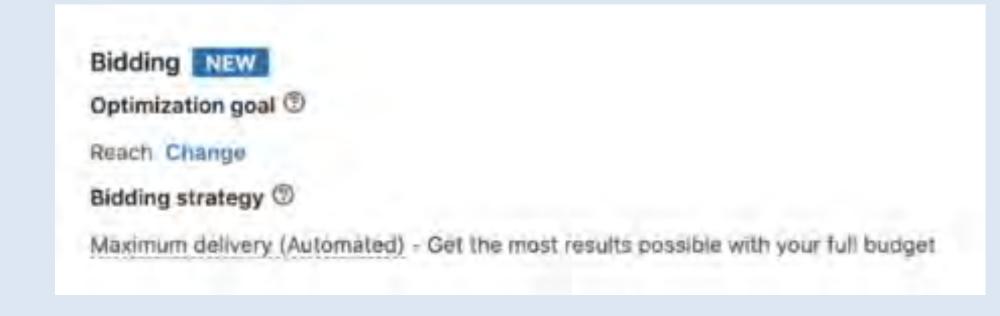




Coming Soon: Reach Optimization & Forecasting will be available for Brand Awareness campaigns in Campaign Manager in early 2021.



Drive brand exposure and top-of-funnel results through Reach:



What about Frequency?

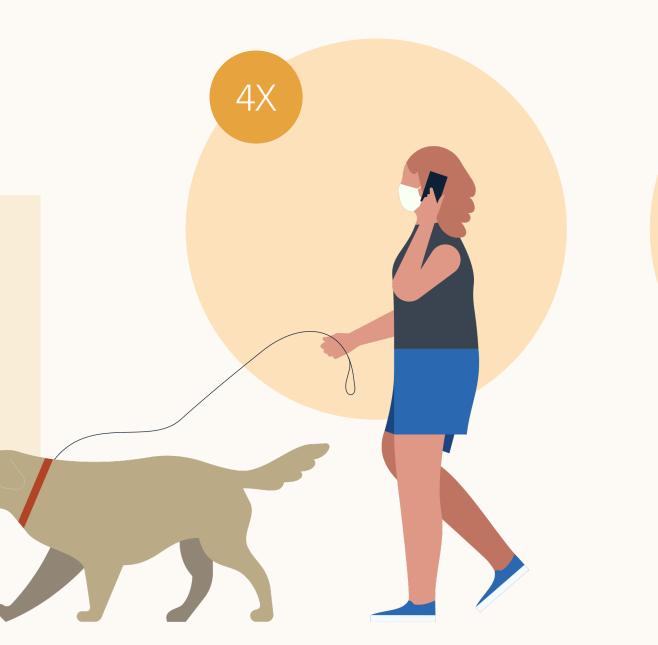
Average Frequency is the average number of impressions seen by member accounts who saw at least one impression.

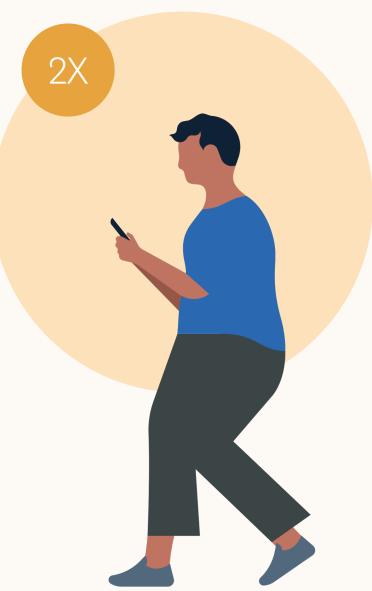
This metric is estimated over the course of the selected date range.

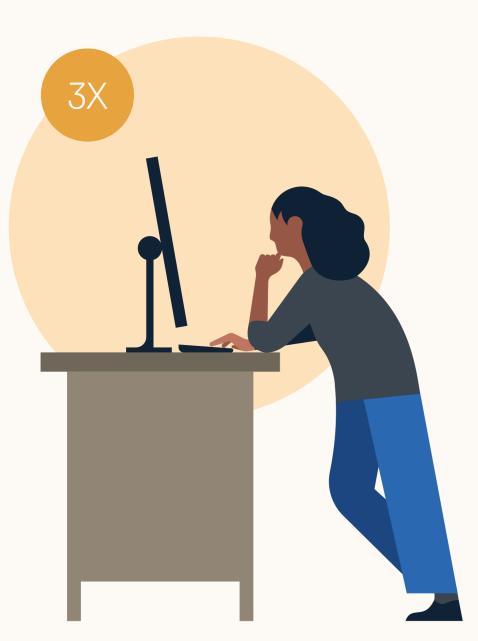


Frequency Forecasting will be available in early 2021. We're also exploring frequency optimization for future quarters.









Mix creatives to maximize Frequency

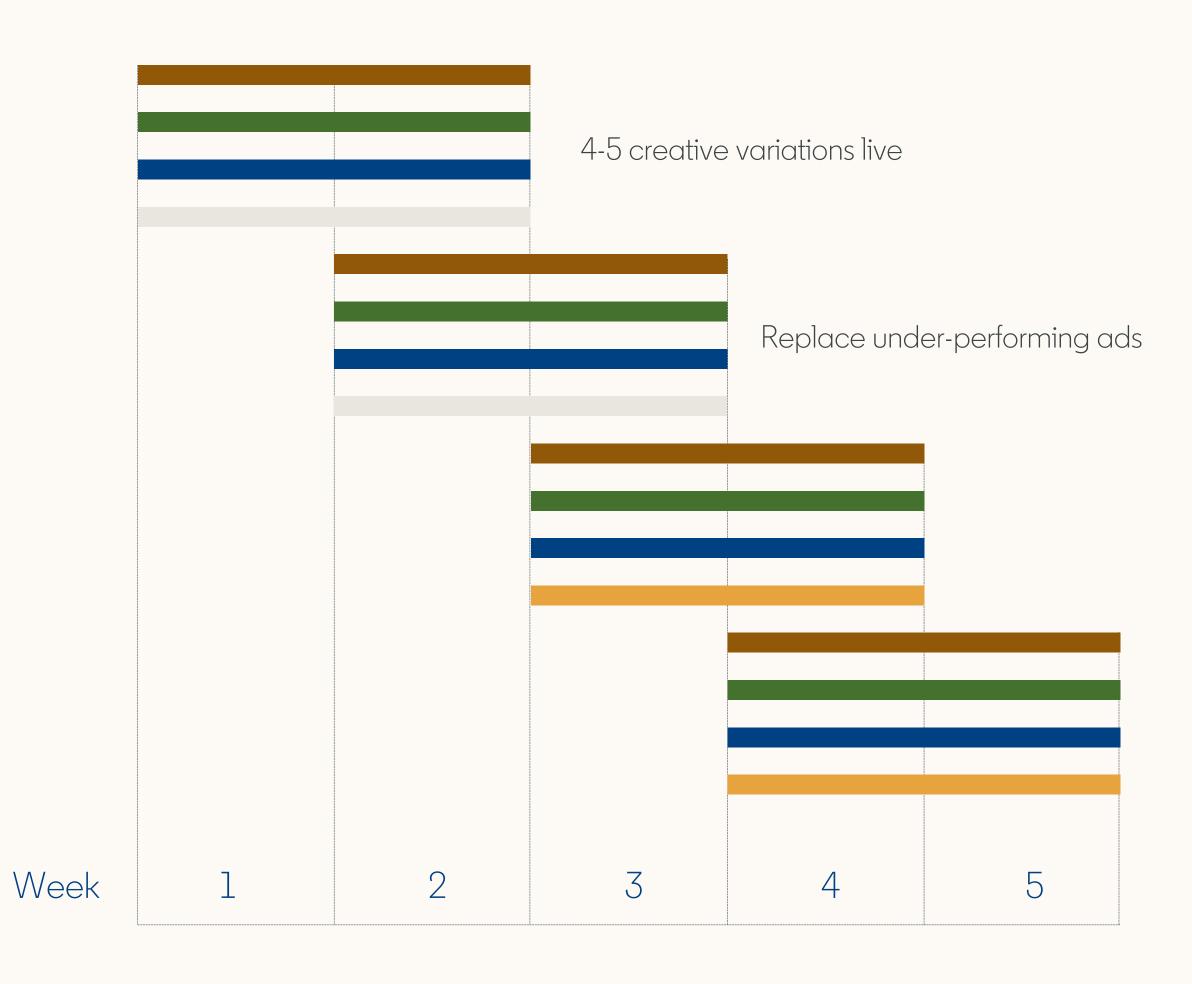
In the meantime, you can add more ads to your campaign and use frequency reporting.

Within a 48 hour period, members can be shown ads from the same company page up to 5 times. Our backend frequency controls help to balance ad redundancy for members with exposure opportunities for advertisers. Use frequency reporting to understand what works best and optimize frequency in future campaigns.

Note: frequency of ads is only applicable to the LinkedIn feed.



Have 4 - 5 ad creatives in rotation to maximize your company's reach for higher member engagement.



Reach and Frequency: Takeaways





Using LinkedIn's Reach Optimization will help you get more exposure for your brand.



Members require multiple instances of exposure to a brand's content before converting.



Until our frequency optimization products are available, we recommend adding more ads to your campaigns and using frequency reporting.

3. Bidding

A simple guide to the different ways to bid



Bidding 101

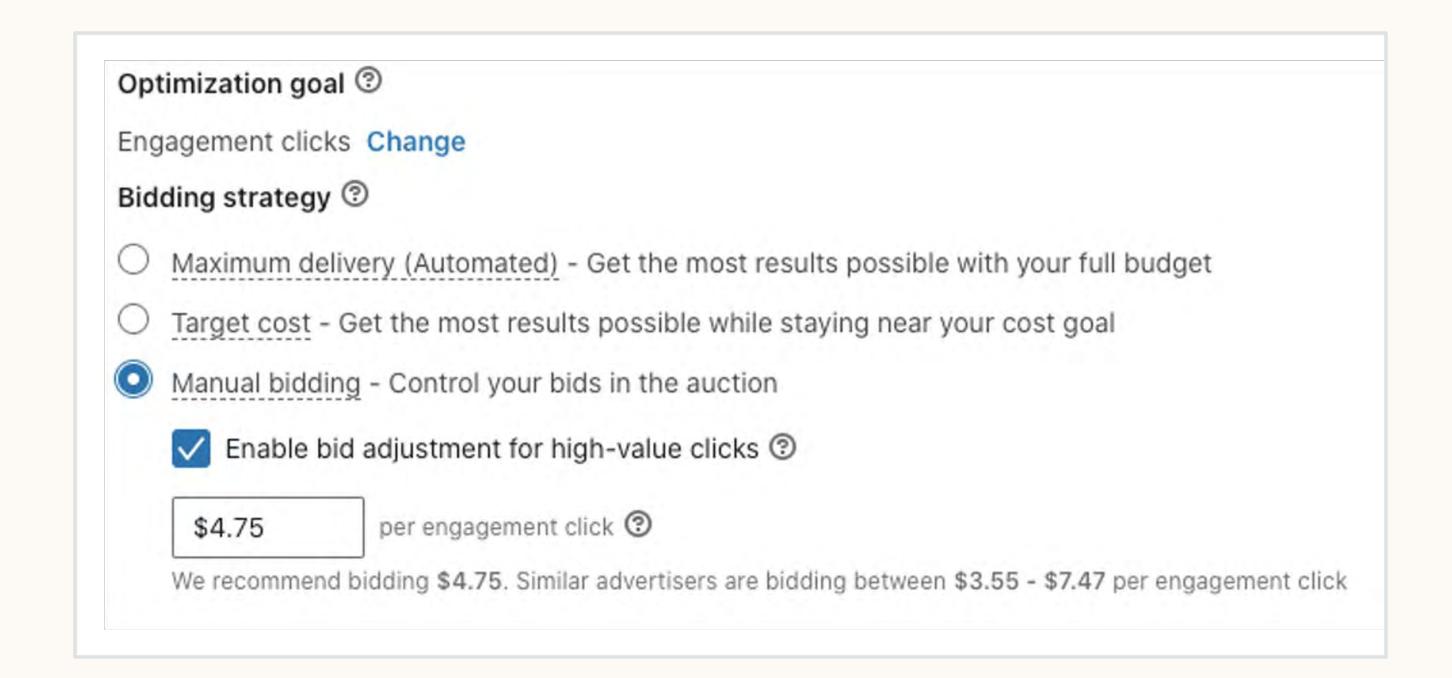
First, select your optimization goal and enter the amount you are willing to bid for that action.



The **bid** is the amount the advertiser is **willing to pay** for an action by a Linkedln member.



The type of **action**, like a click, is based on the advertiser's goals, a combination of the campaign objective and bid type.



Overview: How do the bid types vary?

	Maximum Delivery (Automated)	Target Cost Bidding	Manual Bidding
What it does	Gets most results while delivering full budget	Gets most results possible closest to advertiser's specified cost per result	Advertisers set their preferred bid for the auction
Who sets the Bid	LinkedIn	LinkedIn	Advertiser
When to use	Full Budget Delivery	Cost Per Result Control	Bid Control
Benefits	Volume of Results Delivers Full Budget Saves Time No guesswork	Cost Predictability Saves Time Minimize guesswork	Maximum bid control
Campaign Objectives	All	Brand Awareness, Website Visits, Engagement, Video Views	All

Maximum Delivery (Automated)



Recommended for those who...

- Are uncertain how to bid
- Don't have the time to manage bids
- Want maximum delivery / budget utilization
- Want a high volume of results

Maximum delivery (Automated)

We'll automatically set and adjust your bid to help you get the most results possible while utilizing your full budget.



Maximum delivery (Automated) - Get the most results possible with your full budget

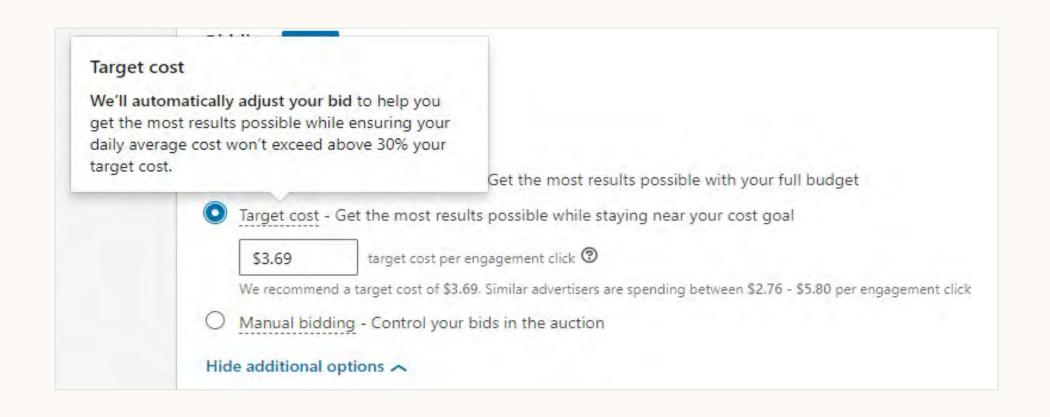


LinkedIn automatically bids for the advertiser, aiming to deliver the most key results (tied to campaign objective) while spending the full budget. This bid type is charged by impressions.



System will dynamically adjust the bid throughout the day for results, based on members most likely to take an action.

Target Cost Bidding (CPC, CPM, CPV)





Recommended for those who...

- Want cost predictability
- Have a target ROI
- Don't have time to manage bids closely

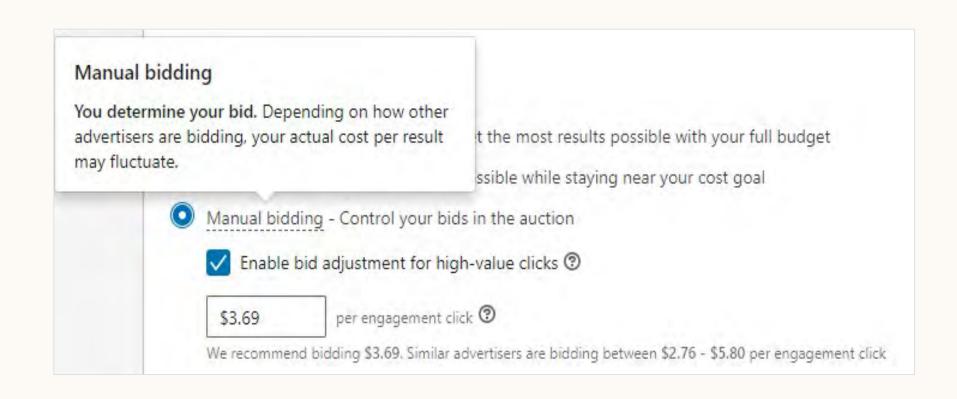


Advertiser is able to specify a cost per key result, while getting the most results possible at or close to that value.



System bids dynamically to generate the most key results while keeping the cost per key result (daily average) at the target cost*

Manual Bidding

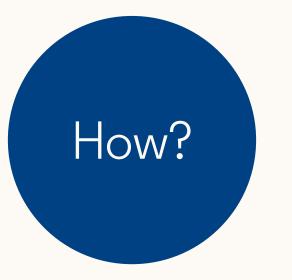




This option is best for advertisers who need maximum bid control.

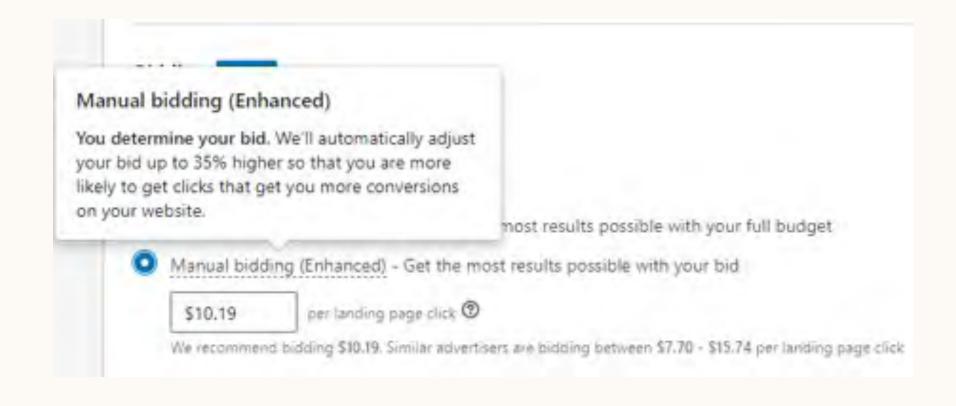


Advertisers are able to specify the bid amount they wish to use in the auction and Linkedln will not exceed that value. Advertisers are charged according to second-price auction.



Regardless of budget delivery, the system will bid the exact amount specified by the advertiser. There is no optimization of the bid.

Manual Bidding with enhanced options





This option is best for advertisers who need bid control.

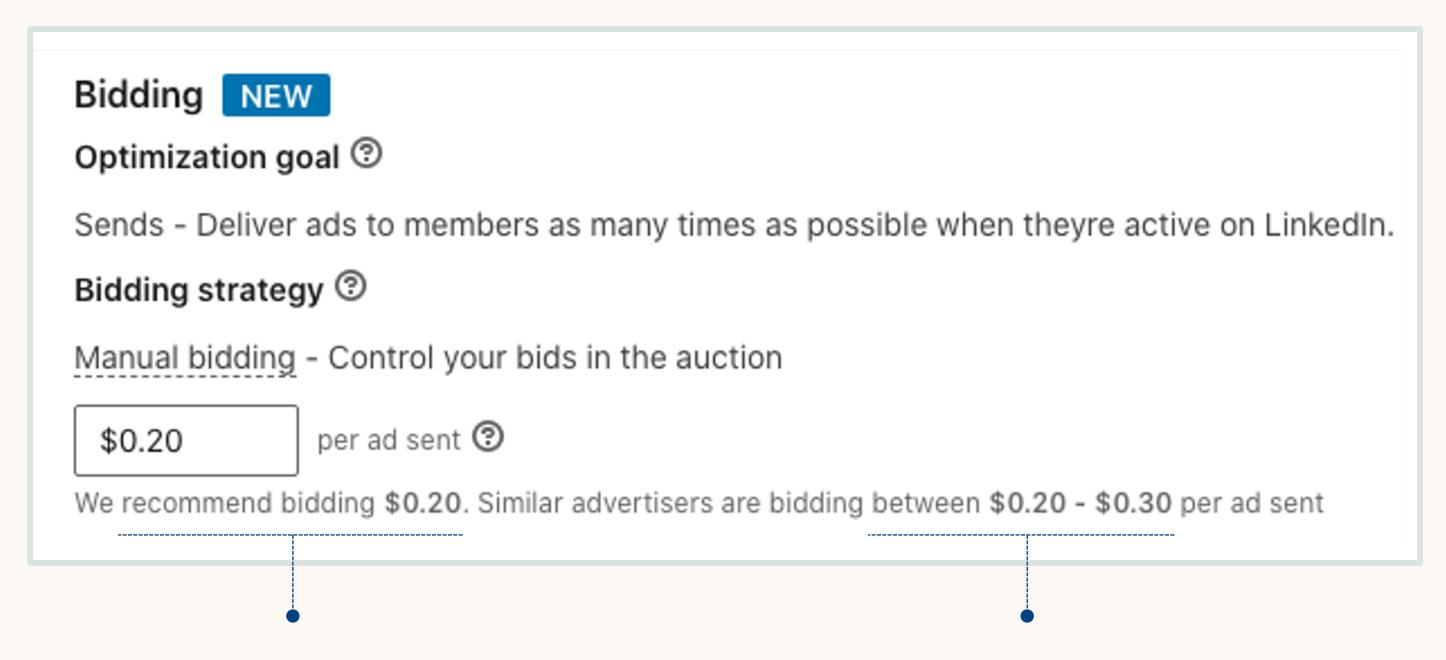


Advertisers are able to specify the bid amount they wish to use in the auction. The system won't overdeliver the total campaign budget.



If optimizing for high-value clicks, conversions, or leads, the bid will flex up to 35%. This is only applicable to Website Visits, Engagement, Lead Generation, and Website Conversion objectives.

Bidding Features



Suggested bid to help advertisers improve campaign performance

Range of bid values based on an estimate of the current competing bids by other advertisers who are targeting the same audience



Bid suggestions only appear for certain bid types, where you input a value. These won't appear for campaigns using Maximum Delivery, our fully automated option. Align your optimizations to your campaign objectives

How campaign objectives align to optimizations

	Objective	Optimization	Bid Type
Awareness	Brand Awareness	Impressions Reach*	Maximum Delivery (Automated)Target CostManual Bidding
Consideration	Website Visits	Landing Page Clicks Impressions	 Maximum Delivery: Impressions Target Cost: Clicks Manual Bidding: Clicks & Impressions
	Engagement	Engagement Clicks Impressions	Maximum Delivery: ImpressionsTarget Cost: ClicksManual Bidding: Clicks & Impressions
	Video Views	Video Views Impressions	Maximum Delivery: ImpressionsTarget Cost: ViewsManual Bidding: Views & Impressions
Conversion	Lead Generation	Leads Clicks Impressions	 Maximum Delivery: Impressions Manual Bidding: Leads, Clicks, Impressions
	Website Conversions	Website Conversions Landing Page Clicks Impressions	 Maximum Delivery: Impressions Manual Bidding: Clicks, Impressions

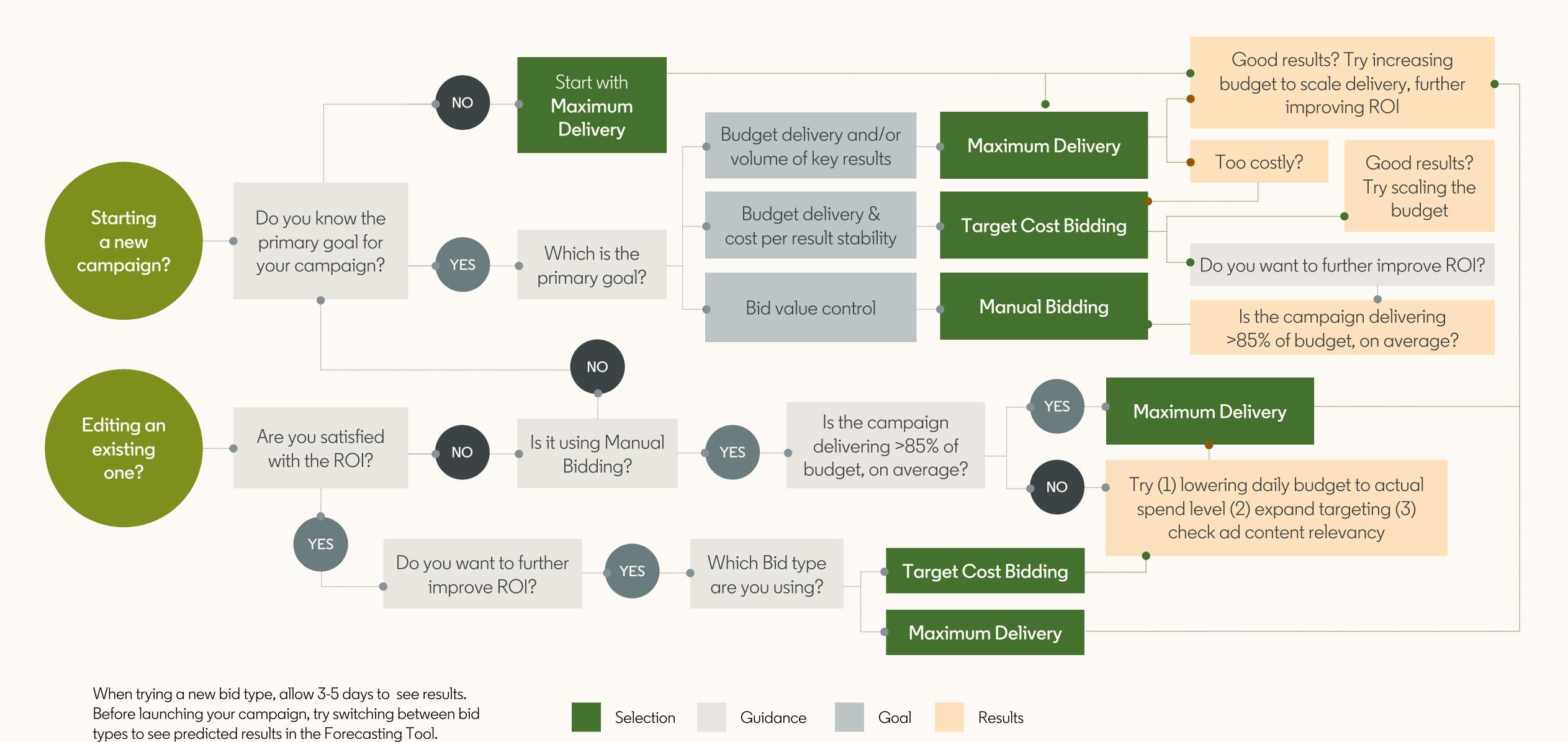
^{*}Reach will be offered in March 2021

Bidding: Takeaways



- A "bid" is the amount you are willing to pay for an action (e.g., Click through, Engagement, Lead) by a LinkedIn member.
- The type of action that the campaign is optimized for is based on your marketing goals, a combination of the campaign objective and bid type.
- Bid types:
 - Manual, offering you full bid control.
 - Automated (Maximum Delivery & Target Cost), where LinkedIn does the work for you.
- Align your optimization with your campaign objective.
- When in doubt, you can look for bid tips and suggestions in Campaign Manager.

Bidding Strategy Guidance



4. Budget & Pacing

Useful tools for making your spend go further

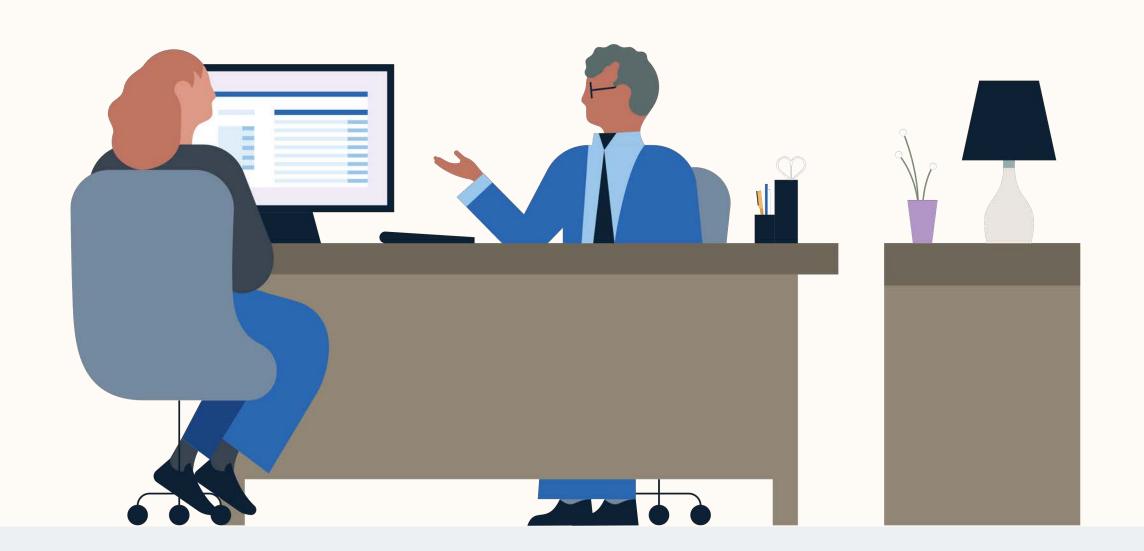


What budgeting is and why it matters

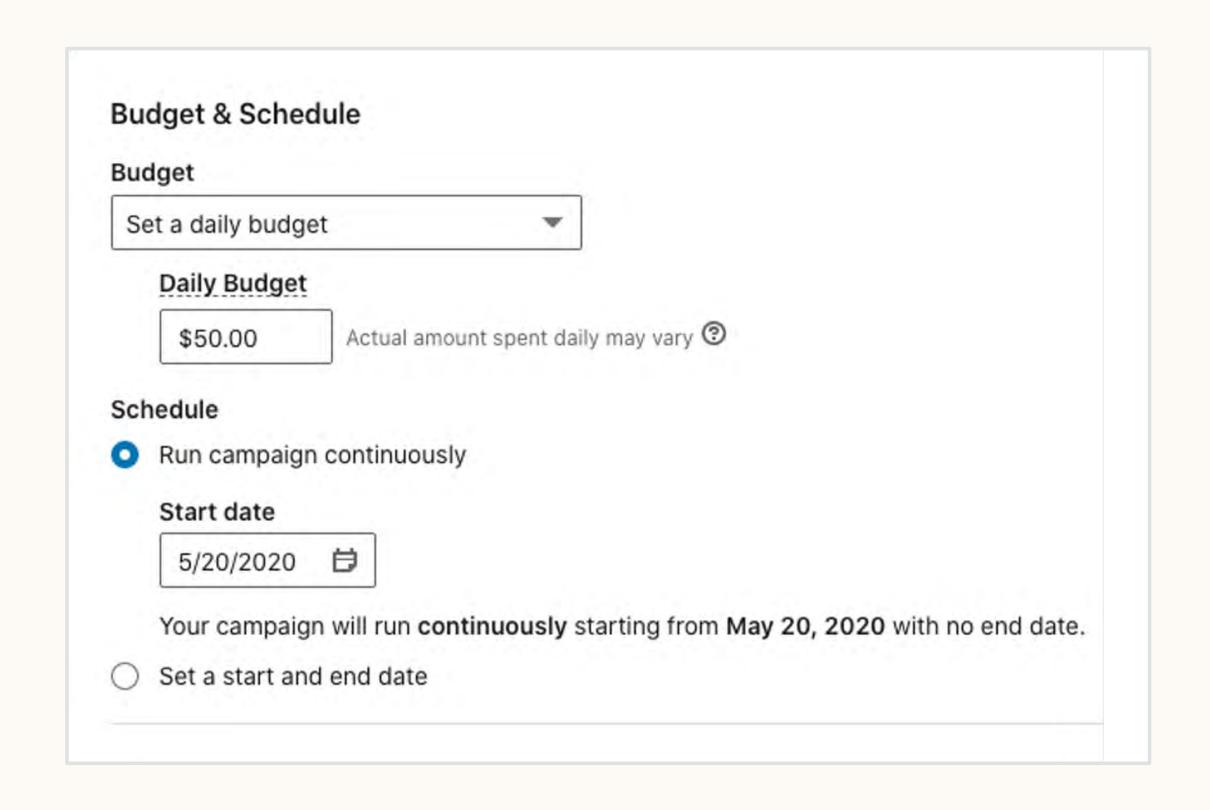
Budget is the amount of money you designate for your marketing plans, and to show your ads through ad campaigns in the Campaign Manager Tool.



Your campaign budget is the total, maximum budget that Linkedln will deliver for the designated campaign.



Navigating Budget & Schedule Combinations





Daily Budget:

how much the advertiser prefers to spend over the course of one day.

Lifetime Budget:

how much you would like to spend for the duration of your campaign.



Fixed Schedule:

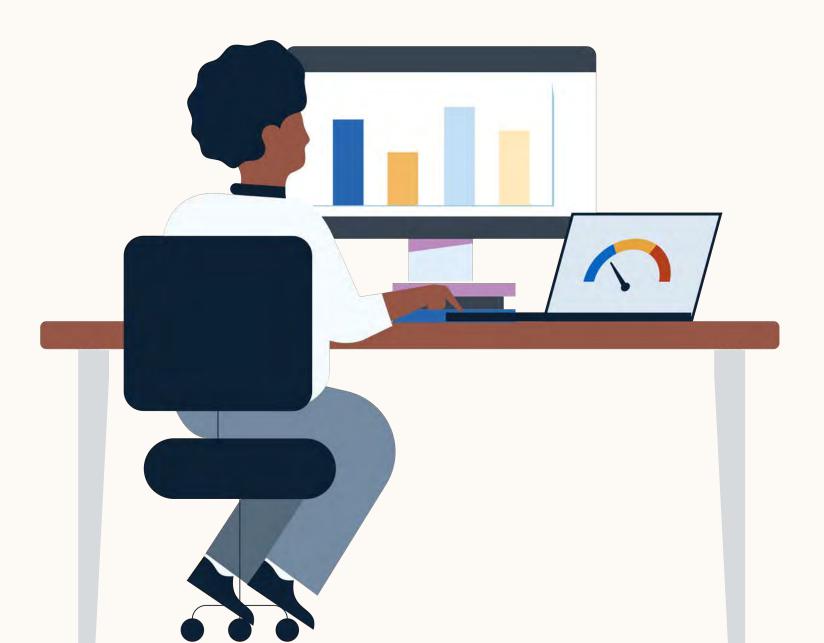
select start and end dates.

Continuous Schedule:

only a start date.

Pacing: what it is and why it matters

Pacing is the speed and consistency of the spend of the budget, and can be used as an indicator of when spend should be more (or less).



LinkedIn has 2 kinds of pacing:

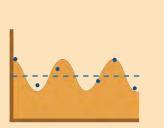
Daily Pacing:

predicts platform activity over the course of one day and optimizes budget distribution and spend accordingly.

Lifetime Pacing:

predicts platform activity over the course of one week and optimizes budget distribution and spend accordingly.

Which Pacing mechanism used for your campaign is determined by the Budget & Schedule selections (See next slide).



Available budget options, backed by Pacing

Budget Selection \$	Schedule	Pacing
Daily Budget	Continuous	Daily*
Daily Budget	Fixed Start and End Dates	Lifetime
Lifetime Budget	Fixed Start and End Dates	Lifetime
Daily and Lifetime Budget	Continuous	Lifetime

^{*}Daily Pacing will be phased out in mid-2021 and replaced with Lifetime Pacing

Why use Lifetime Pacing?

Benefits of Lifetime Pacing



Improves budget utilization

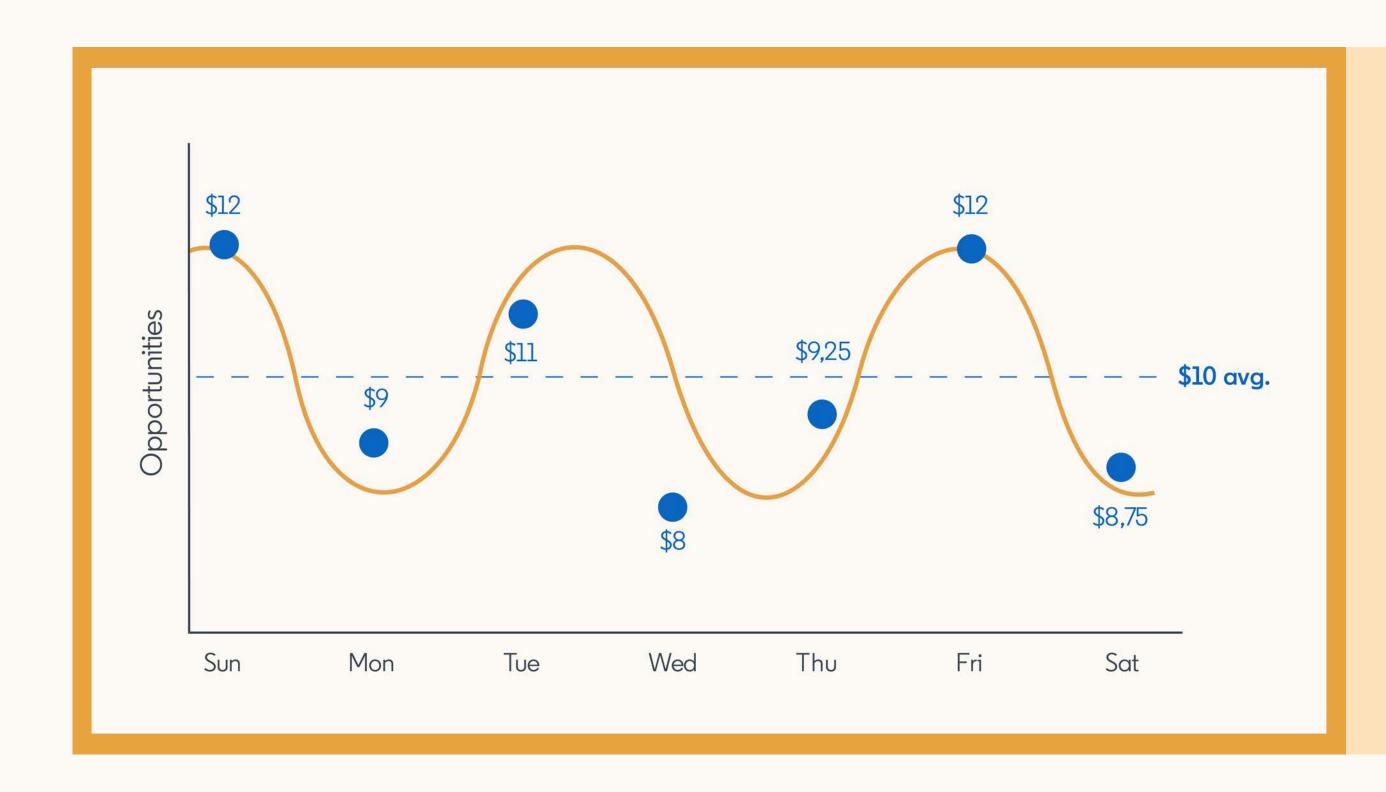


Improves campaign ROI



Can save time spent managing campaigns

Daily Budget Pacing: Variance



Why is my daily budget variance increasing from 20 to 50%?

With lifetime pacing, our system needs some flexibility at the daily budget level for optimization purposes. This requires a larger buffer for our system to move around the lifetime budget to ensure we are effectively optimizing budget utilization. This only happens in the event that there are supply opportunities to deliver more optimal ROI. Our system will not exceed the lifetime budget.

Available budget options, backed by Pacing

Try these options for your new campaigns to align with your previous Budget & Schedule combinations:

Schedule	Previous Budget setting	Recommended new Budget
Fixed (Start + End date)	Daily	Daily
	Daily + Total	Daily
	Total	Lifetime
Continuous (Start date only)	Daily	Daily
	Daily + Total	Daily + Lifetime

Budget & Pacing: Takeaways





LinkedIn lets you take full control of your budget, which is how much you want to spend on your campaign.



Pacing is the speed and consistency of the spend of the budget, and can be used as an indicator of when spend should be more (or less).



The more flexibility you give us to optimize your spend, the better your ROI.

5. Forecasting Tool

Highlighting opportunities for more effective campaigns

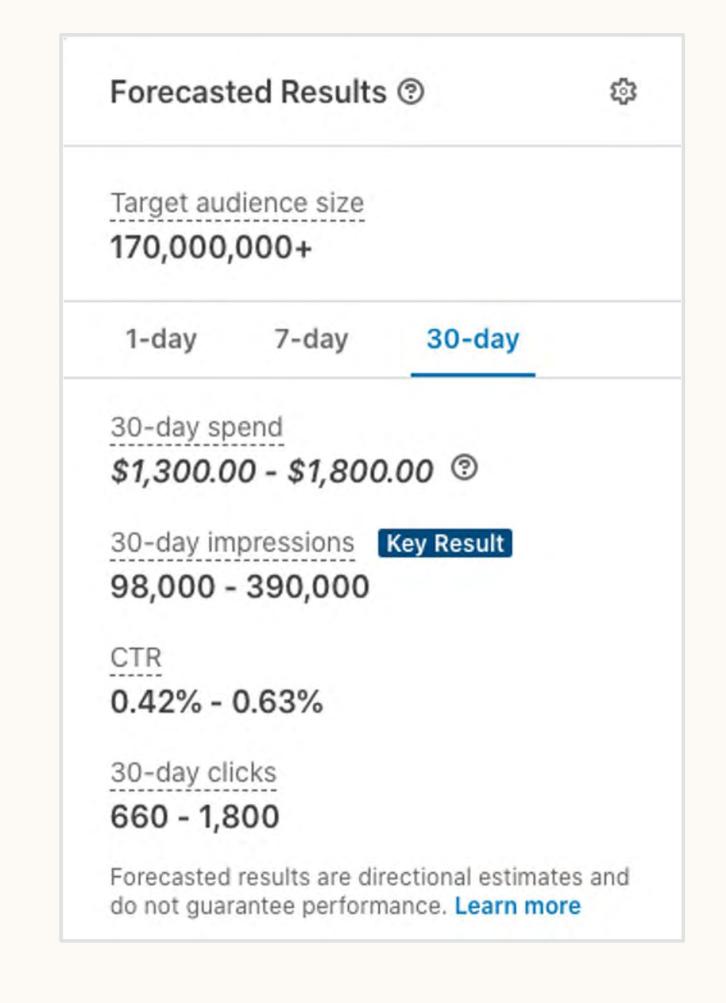


Forecasting your Campaigns

Forecasting Tool provides guidance for more effective campaigns by estimating performance and likely outcomes



Adjust campaign selection as needed. You can check the forecasting tool as you build your campaign, when you're ready to launch, and as the campaign is running.



Key benefits





Plan and justify your budget



Launch your campaign with confidence

Under the hood: Forecasting

The Forecasting Tool uses a range of data to the predict likely outcomes of your campaign:



Budget



Time range



AE ** status



Bid



Historical performance



Expected member traffic



Targeting



Campaign type



Frequency cap

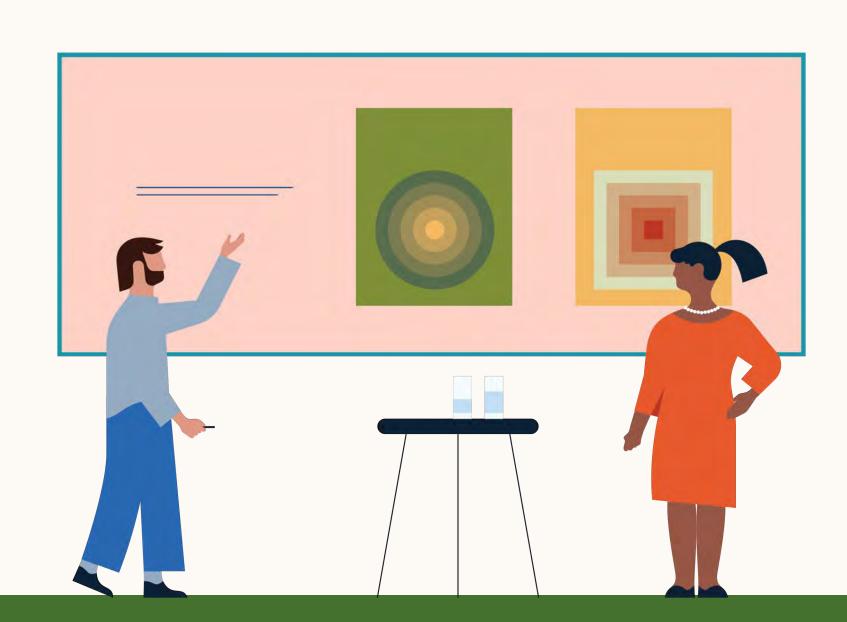


LAN* status



*LAN: LinkedIn Audience Network, **AE: Audience Expansion

Forecasting Tool: Takeaways





The Forecasting Tool can give you an indication of the likely outcomes of your campaign.



You can use it during campaign setup, prior to launch, and even after the campaign is running.



Ultimately, it's a tool you can use to make your campaigns more effective.

Let's recap



Auction Elements Takeaways



1. Auctions

All bids in an auction are converted to eCPI to be on the same value system. Outcomes of ad auctions are determined by a product of the bid value and relevancy score (prediction of how likely a member will take an action on an ad).



2. Reach & Frequency

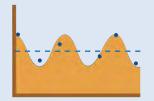
Members require multiple instances of exposure to a brand's content before converting. Linkedln's Reach Optimization will be a useful way to drive brand exposure. To optimize frequency, we recommend adding more ads to your campaigns, and using frequency forecasting and frequency reporting.



3. Bidding

A bid is the amount an advertiser is willing to pay for an action by a LinkedIn member. The type of action (e.g. click) that the campaign is optimized for is based on the advertiser's goals, a combination of the campaign objective and bid type. The bid types are also either manual, offering full control to the advertiser, or automated where LinkedIn does the work for the advertiser. When in doubt, LinkedIn offers bid tips and suggestions within Campaign Manager to help.

Auction Elements Takeaways



4. Budgets & Pacing

LinkedIn uses sophisticated pacing mechanisms to ensure your budget is being spent efficiently by delivering your ads at optimal times. Through 4 budget and schedule combinations, advertisers have flexibility with their budgets, and whether to run campaigns continuously or for a fixed period of time.



5. Forecasting

During campaign setup, when ready to launch, and even as the campaign is running, the forecasting tool can be referenced as a guide to help make your campaigns more effective.



Appendix

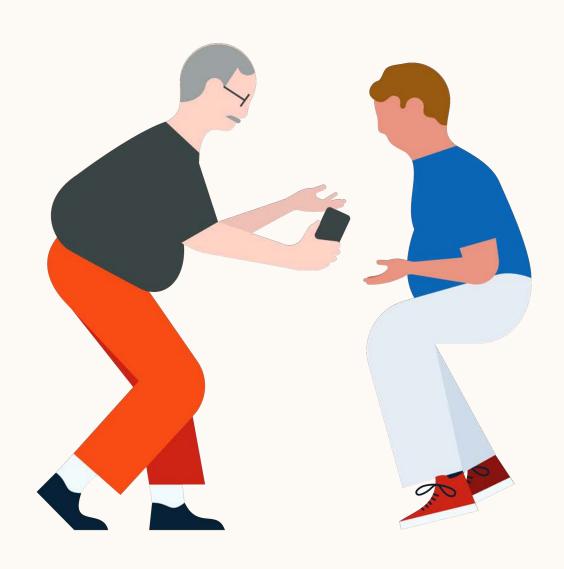
What is Floor Pricing?

Floor Pricing is the minimum bid required to enter an ad auction

- → It is also the minimum price to pay
- → Auctions can clear, i.e. can be won, at the floor price

How is the Floor Price calculated?

- Floor Pricing is dynamically generated per member, based on historical data
- Tailored to marketplace dynamics, target audience and campaign objective
- Uses last 90 days of data





Bidding at the floor price is beneficial for highly cost sensitive customers

Considerations



- While bidding low or at the floor can get an overall lower cost per result, it may deliver lower volume of results and leave budget unspent
- Typically requires close campaign management